=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:04:42 ON 16 SEP 2001

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PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 14 SEP 2001 HIGHEST RN 357154-15-5 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 14 SEP 2001 HIGHEST RN 357154-15-5

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 11, 2001

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Structure search limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMIT for details.

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L90 ANSWER 1 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **178487-70-2** REGISTRY

CN Disulfide, bis(2,3-dimethoxyphenyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN NSC 677472

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C16 H18 O4 S2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

REFERENCE 2: 125:184901

REFERENCE 3: 125:76341

L90 ANSWER 2 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 144114-21-6 REGISTRY

CN Retropepsin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Avian leukosis virus proteinase

CN E.C. 3.4.23.16

CN FIV proteinase

CN Gag Protease

CN HIV aspartyl protease

CN HIV protease

CN HIV proteinase

CN HIV-1 aspartyl protease

CN HIV-1 aspartyl proteinase

CN HIV-1 protease

CN HIV-1 proteinase

CN HIV-1 virus aspartyl proteinase

CN HIV-1 virus protease

Point of Contact:
Jan Delaval
Librarian-Physical Sciences
CM1 1E01 Tel: 308-4498

```
CN
     HIV-2 protease
CN
     HTLV proteinase
CN
     HTLV-1 proteinase
CN
     Human immunodeficiency virus protease
CN
     Moloney murine leukemia virus protease
     Retroproteinase
CN
CN
     Rous sarcoma virus protease
CN
     RSV proteinase
     Simian immunodeficiency virus aspartyl proteinase
CN
MF
     Unspecified
CI
     COM, MAN
SR
     CA
                  AGRICOLA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CIN,
LC
     STN Files:
       PROMT, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
            1901 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
              79 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
            1904 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
            1: 135:174687
REFERENCE
                135:174599
REFERENCE
            2:
REFERENCE
            3:
                135:174520
REFERENCE
            4:
                135:174470
REFERENCE
            5:
                135:162484
                135:162089
REFERENCE
            6:
                135:162079
REFERENCE
            7:
                135:162074
REFERENCE
            8:
REFERENCE
            9:
                135:161987
REFERENCE 10:
                135:149594
L90
    ANSWER 3 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     72687-29-7 REGISTRY
CN
     Carbamic acid, (dithiodi-2,1-phenylene)bis-, diethyl ester (9CI)
     INDEX NAME)
FS
     3D CONCORD
```

BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

MF

LC

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE) 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812
REFERENCE 2: 125:76341

C18 H20 N2 O4 S2

STN Files:

REFERENCE 3: 107:134255

REFERENCE 4: 92:76429

ANSWER 4 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS L90

RN 66546-28-9 REGISTRY

CN Quinoline, 2,2'-dithiobis[4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Lepidine, 2,2'-dithiodi- (6CI)

FS 3D CONCORD

C20 H16 N2 S2 MF

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:209141

134:110110 REFERENCE 2:

REFERENCE 132:30812 3:

REFERENCE 125:76341 4:

REFERENCE 5: 88:190565

L90 ANSWER 5 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 61747-35-1 REGISTRY

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2,2'-dithiobis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1-(1-methylethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

2,2'-Dithiobis(4-tert-butyl-1-isopropylimidazole) CN

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C20 H34 N4 S2

ÇΙ COM

LC BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, MSDS-OHS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

14 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE) 14 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:46638

REFERENCE 2: 134:110110

REFERENCE 3: 133:90223

REFERENCE 4: 132:30812

REFERENCE 5: 129:12327

REFERENCE 6: 125:76341

REFERENCE 7: 116:230222

REFERENCE 8: 116:55101

REFERENCE 9: 114:237652

REFERENCE 10: 113:97273

L90 ANSWER 6 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **38262-57-6** REGISTRY

CN 1-Naphthalenamine, 2,2'-dithiobis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2,2'-Dithiobis(1-aminonaphthalene)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C20 H16 N2 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MSDS-OHS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

- 13 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 13 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

REFERENCE 2: 132:18252

REFERENCE 3: 125:76341

REFERENCE 4: 102:132013

REFERENCE 5: 101:125477

REFERENCE 6: 95:56899

REFERENCE 7: 93:90750

REFERENCE 8: 92:214435

REFERENCE 9: 92:190816

REFERENCE 10: 92:123836

```
L90
    ANSWER 7 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     37205-61-1 REGISTRY
CN
     Proteinase inhibitor (9CI)
                                 (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     Antiproteinase
CN
     Fu Gu Tai
CN
     Protease inhibitor
     139074-30-9, 144716-05-2, 144132-75-2
DR
MF
     Unspecified
CI
     MAN
LC
     STN Files:
                 ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
       CA, CAPLUS, CEN, CIN, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, PROMT, TOXLINE,
       TOXLIT, USPATFULL
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
            4465 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
              87 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
            4473 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
REFERENCE
            1: 135:174712
REFERENCE
            2:
                135:174705
                135:174649
REFERENCE
            3:
REFERENCE
            4:
                135:165873
REFERENCE
            5:
                135:163380
REFERENCE
            6:
                135:163198
REFERENCE
            7:
                135:162650
REFERENCE
            8:
                135:162103
REFERENCE
            9:
                135:161850
REFERENCE 10:
                135:161519
L90
    ANSWER 8 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     35964-48-8 REGISTRY
     Disulfide, bis(4-chloro-3-nitrophenyl) (9CI)
CN
                                                    (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
    NSC 677442
CN
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C12 H6 C12 N2 O4 S2
LC
                  BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
     STN Files:
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources:
                      EINECS**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

6 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE) 6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

```
REFERENCE 2: 126:225244
```

L90 ANSWER 9 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 33174-74-2 REGISTRY

CN Benzonitrile, 2,2'-dithiobis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Benzonitrile, 2,2'-dithiodi- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2,2'-Dicyanodiphenyl disulfide

CN Bis(2-cyanophenyl) disulfide

CN NSC 677458

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C14 H8 N2 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, SYNTHLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

26 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE) 27 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:293417

REFERENCE 2: 132:30812

REFERENCE 3: 131:144613

REFERENCE 4: 130:311765

REFERENCE 5: 129:41107

REFERENCE 6: 128:127653

REFERENCE 7: 127:332692

REFERENCE 8: 127:293160

REFERENCE 9: 127:248126

REFERENCE 10: 127:34250

L90 ANSWER 10 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 29581-98-4 REGISTRY

CN L-Cystine, N, N'-diformyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Cystine, N, N'-diformyl- (6CI)

CN Cystine, N, N'-diformyl-, L- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN N, N'-Diformyl-L-cystine

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 816-91-1

MF C8 H12 N2 O6 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, NIOSHTIC, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.

8 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

8 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

REFERENCE 2: 125:76341

REFERENCE 3: 118:120258

REFERENCE 4: 116:174712

REFERENCE 5: 109:149866

REFERENCE 6: 78:58

REFERENCE 7: 77:114857

REFERENCE 8: 73:54325

L90 ANSWER 11 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **29124-55-8** REGISTRY

CN Benzenamine, 2,2'-dithiobis[5-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Aniline, 2,2'-dithiobis[5-chloro- (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2,2'-Diamino-4,4'-dichlorodiphenyl disulfide

CN NSC 677447

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C12 H10 C12 N2 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, IFICDB,

IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

16 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

16 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

REFERENCE 2: 125:184901

REFERENCE 3: 125:76341

REFERENCE 4: 101:55079

REFERENCE 5: 99:87826

REFERENCE 6: 92:128024

REFERENCE 7: 92:6226

REFERENCE 8: 91:157777

REFERENCE 9: 91:5255

REFERENCE 10: 87:53055

L90 ANSWER 12 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 24696-61-5 REGISTRY

CN Disulfide, 2,4-dinitrophenyl 4-methylphenyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Disulfide, 2,4-dinitrophenyl p-tolyl (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2,4-Dinitro-4'-methyldiphenyl disulfide

CN 2,4-Dinitrophenyl p-tolyl disulfide

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C13 H10 N2 O4 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

- 11 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
- 11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
- 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:11677

REFERENCE 2: 132:30812

REFERENCE 3: 131:184867

REFERENCE 4: 125:76341

REFERENCE 5: 105:60256

REFERENCE 6: 100:173968

REFERENCE 7: 97:162494

REFERENCE 8: 87:22643

REFERENCE 9: 80:59114

REFERENCE 10: 79:115715

L90 ANSWER 13 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS RN 20201-05-2 REGISTRY

CN Disulfide, bis(2-chloro-5-nitrophenyl) (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES:

CN Bis(2-chloro-5-nitrophenyl) disulfide

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C12 H6 C12 N2 O4 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

6 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

REFERENCE 2: 132:3248

REFERENCE 3: 125:76341

REFERENCE 4: 100:174748

REFERENCE 5: 76:112309

REFERENCE 6: 68:104454

L90 ANSWER 14 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **16766-09-9** REGISTRY

CN Acetamide, N, N'-(dithiodi-4,1-phenylene)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Acetanilide, 4',4'''-dithiobis- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Bis(4-acetamidophenyl) disulfide

CN Bis(4-acetylaminophenyl) disulfide

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C16 H16 N2 O2 S2

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, IFICDB,

IFIPAT, IFIUDB, SPECINFO, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

41 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

41 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:35008

```
2:
                132:87659
REFERENCE
                132:30812
REFERENCE
            3:
REFERENCE
            4:
                131:191285
REFERENCE
                130:189205
            5:
                130:59012
REFERENCE
            6:
REFERENCE
            7:
                128:294743
REFERENCE
            8:
                128:250629
REFERENCE
            9:
                128:186461
REFERENCE 10:
                128:69934
L90 ANSWER 15 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     15658-35-2 REGISTRY
     3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 6,6'-dithiobis- (9CI)
                                                        (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Nicotinic acid, 6,6'-dithiodi- (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     6,6'-Dithiodinicotinic acid
CN
     6,6'-Dithionicotinic acid
CN
     Carboxypyridine disulfide
CN
     CPDS
FS
     3D CONCORD
     C12 H8 N2 O4 S2
MF
CI
     COM
                  AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA,
LC
     STN Files:
       CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE,
       IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, PHAR, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE,
       TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources:
                      EINECS**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

125 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
5 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
125 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:245193 REFERENCE 2: 134:110110 REFERENCE 134:39177 3: REFERENCE 133:288786 4: REFERENCE 5: 133:90223 REFERENCE 6: 133:65901 REFERENCE 7: 132:229558

8: 132:217134 REFERENCE 9: 132:108139 REFERENCE REFERENCE 10: 132:89832 L90 ANSWER 16 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS RN **15158-11-9** REGISTRY CN Copper, ion (Cu2+) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: CN Copper divalent ion CN Copper ion(2+) CN Copper(2+) CN Copper(2+) ion CN Copper(II) CN Copper(II) cation CN Copper(II) ion CN Cu2+ CN Cupric cation CN Cupric ion CN Cupric ion (Cu2+) 12265-72-4, 16397-90-3 DR MF Cu CI COM AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, LC STN Files: CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CIN, DDFU, DETHERM*, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data) Cu²⁺ 7769 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE) 523 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 7783 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE) 1: 135:186767 REFERENCE REFERENCE 135:186144 2: REFERENCE 135:186086 REFERENCE 135:184812 4: REFERENCE 135:184174 REFERENCE 135:180505 REFERENCE 135:180459 REFERENCE 8: 135:179836 REFERENCE 135:177470 REFERENCE 10: 135:176976 L90 ANSWER 17 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS RN 14807-75-1 REGISTRY CN Thioperoxydicarbonimidic diamide ([(H2N)C(NH)]2S2), dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES: CNFormamidine, 1,1'-dithiodi-, dihydrochloride (7CI, 8CI) OTHER NAMES: CN1,1'-Dithiodiformamidine hydrochloride

CN

Diformamidine disulfide dihydrochloride

CN Dithioformamidine dihydrochloride CN Formamidine disulfide dihydrochloride

MF C2 H6 N4 S2 . 2 C1 H

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, GMELIN*, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

CRN (3256-06-2)

●2 HC1

30 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

30 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:129593

REFERENCE 2: 135:76571

REFERENCE 3: 132:30812

REFERENCE 4: 132:27713

REFERENCE 5: 125:76341

REFERENCE 6: 124:307619

REFERENCE 7: 124:260207

REFERENCE 8: 110:94495

REFERENCE 9: 109:92107

REFERENCE 10: 99:202698

L90 ANSWER 18 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **14756-51-5** REGISTRY

CN Disulfide, 4-methylphenyl 4-nitrophenyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Disulfide, p-nitrophenyl p-tolyl (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN p-Nitrophenyl p-tolyl disulfide

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C13 H11 N O2 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

12 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

12 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

REFERENCE 2: 130:273973

REFERENCE 3: 125:57694

REFERENCE 4: 123:338868

REFERENCE 5: 109:109942

REFERENCE 6: 106:17996

REFERENCE 7: 101:130324

REFERENCE 8: 88:49876

REFERENCE 9: 88:37113

REFERENCE 10: 87:22643

L90 ANSWER 19 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **14370-67-3** REGISTRY

CN Disulfoxide, bis(4-methylphenyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN p-Tolyl disulfoxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN NSC 677464

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C14 H14 O2 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

- 8 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
- 8 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
- 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 132:347661

REFERENCE 2: 132:30812

REFERENCE 3: 130:52010

REFERENCE 4: 125:247552

REFERENCE 5: 125:184901

REFERENCE 6: 125:76341

REFERENCE 7: 81:25294

REFERENCE 8: 66:75789

L90 ANSWER 20 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **14193-38-5** REGISTRY

CN 1,2-Dithiane-4,5-diol, (4R,5R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     1,2-Dithiane-4,5-diol, trans-
     o-Dithiane-4,5-diol, trans- (7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     (.+-.)-trans-1,2-Dithiane-4,5-diol
     NSC 663605
CN
     trans-1,2-Dithiane-4,5-diol
CN
CN
     trans-4,5-Dihydroxy-1,2-dithiane
     trans-4,5-Dihydroxy-o-dithiane
CN
FS
     STEREOSEARCH
     24891-61-0, 17307-14-1, 86023-22-5
DR
     C4 H8 O2 S2
MF
LC
     STN Files:
                  BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      EINECS**
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
Relative stereochemistry.
HO.
     S
     S
              72 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
               1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
              72 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
REFERENCE
            1: 135:180822
REFERENCE
            2:
                134:110110
REFERENCE
            3:
                133:147907
REFERENCE
                132:105145
            4:
REFERENCE
            5:
                132:30812
REFERENCE
            6:
                131:139819
REFERENCE
            7:
                130:167984
REFERENCE
            8:
                130:85910
REFERENCE
            9:
                130:81339
REFERENCE 10:
                129:275693
L90
    ANSWER 21 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     13982-39-3 REGISTRY
     Zinc, isotope of mass 65 (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     65Zn
```

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CIN, CSNB, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, NIOSHTIC, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

CN

CN MF

CI

Zinc-65 Zn 65

Zn

COM

2025 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

65_{Zn}

```
18 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
            2027 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
              42 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
            1: 135:171510
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
            2:
                135:158405
REFERENCE
            3:
                135:157231
REFERENCE
            4:
                135:126752
REFERENCE
            5:
                135:121780
REFERENCE
            6:
                135:113313
                135:73377
REFERENCE
            7:
REFERENCE
                135:26064
            8:
REFERENCE
                135:4973
            9:
REFERENCE 10:
               135:4092
L90 ANSWER 22 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     10102-43-9 REGISTRY
     Nitrogen oxide (NO) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     Amidogen, oxo-
     INOmax
CN
     Nitric oxide
CN
CN
     Nitric oxide (NO)
CN
     Nitric oxide trimer
CN
     Nitrogen monooxide
CN
     Nitrogen monoxide
CN
     Nitrogen oxide (N4O4)
CN
     Nitrogen(II) oxide
CN
     Nitrosyl radical
CN
     OHM 11771
     53851-19-7, 51005-20-0, 51005-21-1, 90452-29-2
DR
MF
     и о
CI
     COM
LC
                 ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
     STN Files:
       CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*,
       DIOGENES, DIPPR*, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2,
       ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPAT2, GMELIN*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA,
       MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*,
       SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TRCTHERMO*, TULSA, ULIDAT, USPATFULL, VETU,
       VTB
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
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N == 0

59861 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
385 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
59954 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

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REFERENCE
            1: 135:189462
REFERENCE
            2:
                135:189381
REFERENCE
                135:188856
            3:
                135:188841
REFERENCE
            4:
                135:187883
REFERENCE
            5:
REFERENCE
            6:
                135:187282
REFERENCE
            7:
                135:187094
REFERENCE
            8:
                135:186744
REFERENCE
            9:
                135:185271
REFERENCE 10:
                135:184757
L90
     ANSWER 23 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     9068-38-6 REGISTRY
CN
     Nucleotidyltransferase, deoxyribonucleate, RNA-dependent (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     Reverse transcriptase
CN
     Revertase
CN
     RNA revertase
CN
     RNA-dependent deoxyribonucleate nucleotidyltransferase
CN
     RNA-dependent DNA polymerase
CN
     RNA-directed DNA polymerase
CN
     RNA-instructed DNA polymerase
CN
     SuperScript
CN
     SuperScript II
CN
     ThermoScript
CN
     ThermoScript II
MF
     Unspecified
CI
     MAN
LC
     STN Files:
                 ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
       CA, CABA, CAPLUS, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE,
       IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, PIRA, PROMT, TOXLINE,
       TOXLIT, USPATFULL
                      EINECS**
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
            6242 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
              71 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
            6253 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
REFERENCE
            1: 135:177888
REFERENCE
                135:177230
            2:
REFERENCE
                135:177228
            3:
REFERENCE
                135:176420
            4:
REFERENCE
            5:
                135:176411
                135:176405
REFERENCE
            6:
REFERENCE
                135:176275
            7:
```

REFERENCE

8:

135:175349

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REFERENCE
          9: 135:174746
REFERENCE 10:
                135:174712
    ANSWER 24 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
L90
     7440-66-6 REGISTRY
CN
     Zinc (7CI, 8CI, 9CI)
                           (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     AN 325
CN
     Asarco L 15
CN
     Blue powder
CN
     Ecka 4
CN
     F 1000
CN
     F 1000 (metal)
CN
     F 1500T
CN
     F 2000
CN
     F 2000 (metal)
CN
     LS 2
CN
     LS 2 (element)
CN
     LS 4
CN
     LS 5
CN
     LS 5 (metal)
CN
     NC-Zinc
CN
     Rheinzink
CN
     UF
CN
     UF (metal)
CN
     VM 4P16
CN
     Zinc Dust 3
     12793-53-2, 195161-85-4, 199281-21-5, 298688-49-0
DR
MF
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
       CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*,
       DIOGENES, DIPPR*, DRUGU, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT,
       ENCOMPPAT2, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSDIRECTORY, IPA, MEDLINE,
       MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PHARMASEARCH, PIRA,
       PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, ULIDAT, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
Zn
          201222 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
           10715 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
          201365 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
               1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
REFERENCE
            1: 135:189434
                135:189368
REFERENCE
            2:
REFERENCE
                135:189361
            3:
                135:189342
REFERENCE
            4:
                135:189339
REFERENCE
            5:
REFERENCE
            6:
                135:189288
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REFERENCE

7: 135:189192

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REFERENCE
            8:
                135:189189
REFERENCE
            9:
                 135:188987
REFERENCE 10:
                135:188904
L90
    ANSWER 25 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     7440-50-8 REGISTRY
CN
     Copper (7CI, 8CI, 9CI)
                              (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     100RXH
CN
     1100T
CN
     115A
CN
     1721 Gold
CN
     200RL
CN
     22BB400
CN
     3EC
CN
     3EC-HTE
CN
     3EC-III
CN
     3EC-VLP
CN
     3EC3
CN
     3L Fire
CN
     Allbri Natural Copper
     Arwood copper
CN
CN
     BHN 02T
CN
     BHY 02B-T
CN
     BHY 13T
CN
     BHY 22B-T
CN
     BSH
CN
     BSH (metal)
CN
     C 100
CN
     C 100 (metal)
CN
     C.I. 77400
CN
     C.I. Pigment Metal 2
CN
     CDX
CN
     CDX (metal)
CN
     CE 1100
     CE 1110
CN
CN
     CE 115
     CE 15
CN
     CE 25
CN
CN
     CE 7
CN
     CE 7 (metal)
CN
     CE 8A
CN
     CF 78
CN
     CF-T 8
CN
     Copper element
CN
     Copper fulleride (CuC20)
CN
     Copper Powder
CN
     CS-F 150E
CN
     CT 315E
     Cu-At-W-250
CN
CN
     CU-FN 10
CN
     CuEP
CN
     CuEPP
CN
     CuLox 6010
CN
     CuLox 6030
CN
     DN 02
CN
     DP 3
CN
     DP 3 (metal)
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
     DISPLAY
DR
     133353-46-5, 133353-47-6, 65555-90-0, 72514-83-1, 195161-80-9
MF
     Cu
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                   ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
```

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CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*,
       DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPAT2,
       HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT,
       NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, ULIDAT,
       USPATFULL, VETU, VTB
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources:
                      DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
          345771 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
           19798 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
          346058 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
               2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
            1: 135:189434
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
            2:
                135:189408
REFERENCE
            3:
                135:189402
REFERENCE
            4:
                135:189376
REFERENCE
            5:
                135:189373
REFERENCE
            6:
                135:189367
REFERENCE
            7:
                135:189357
REFERENCE
            8:
                135:189342
REFERENCE
                135:189339
REFERENCE 10:
                135:189288
    ANSWER 26 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     7439-89-6 REGISTRY
     Iron (7CI, 8CI, 9CI)
                          (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     300A
     3ZhP
     A 227
     Ancor B
     Ancor EN 80/150
     Armco iron
     Atomel 300M200
     Atomel 500M
     Atomet 28
     Atomiron 44MR
     Atomiron 5M
     Atomiron AFP 25
     Atomiron AFP 5
     ATW 230
     ATW 432
     Carbonyl iron
     CM (iron)
     Copy Powder CS 105-175
     DH
     Diseases (animal), iron overload
     Diseases, iron overload
```

Cu

L90

RN

CN

CN

CN

CN

CN

CN

CN

CN

CN CN

CN

CN

CN

CN

CNCN

CN CN

CN CN

CN

CN

CN

CN

DSP 128B

DSP 135

```
CN
     DSP 135C
CN
     DSP 138
CN
     EF 1000
CN
     EF 250
CN
     EFV
     EFV 200/300
CN
CN
     EFV 250
     EFV 250/400
CN
     EO 5A
CN
     F 60
CN
CN
     F 60 (metal)
CN
     Ferrovac E
CN
     FT 3
     FT 3 (element)
CN
CN
     GS 6
CN
     HF 2
CN
     HF 2 (element)
CN
     HL (iron)
CN
     Hoeganaes ATW 230
CN
     Hoeganaes EH
     HS (iron)
CN
     HS 4849
CN
CN
     Iron element
CN
     Iron fulleride (FeC20)
     ISP 3700
CN
     ISP-CIP-R 1470
CN
     KG 200
CN
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
     DISPLAY
     8011-79-8, 8053-60-9, 129048-51-7, 73135-38-3, 70884-35-4, 39344-71-3,
DR
     195161-83-2, 199281-22-6
MF
     Fe
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                  ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
       CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIOGENES,
       DIPPR*, DRUGU, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPAT2,
       HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSDIRECTORY, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*,
       MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PHARMASEARCH, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT,
       TULSA, ULIDAT, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
Fe
          275794 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
           16846 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
          275987 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
               1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
REFERENCE
            1: 135:189434
REFERENCE
                135:189379
            2:
REFERENCE
            3:
                135:189375
REFERENCE
            4:
                135:189369
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REFERENCE

REFERENCE

REFERENCE

135:189368

135:189359

7: 135:189357

5:

6:

135:189342 REFERENCE 8:

135:189340 REFERENCE 9:

REFERENCE 10: 135:189339

L90 ANSWER 27 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **7038-49-5** REGISTRY

CN Disulfide, bis[4-(methylsulfonyl)-2-nitrophenyl] (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN NSC 677463 FS 3D CONCORD

MF C14 H12 N2 O8 S4

LC BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL STN Files: (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

125:184901 REFERENCE 2:

76:99646 REFERENCE 3:

REFERENCE 4: 71:49957

ANSWER 28 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS L90

RN**5397-29-5** REGISTRY

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-dithiobis[N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Aniline, 4,4'-dithiobis[N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl] disulfide

CN Bis[p-(dimethylamino)phenyl] disulfide

CN Di-p-dimethylaminophenyl disulfide

FS 3D CONCORD

C16 H20 N2 S2 MF

CI COM

BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, LC STN Files: CHEMINFORMRX, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, RTECS*, TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

- 37 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
- 37 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:280435
REFERENCE 2: 133:50111
REFERENCE 3: 132:30812
REFERENCE 4: 130:239851

REFERENCE 5: 125:76341

REFERENCE 6: 125:58018

REFERENCE 7: 124:55068

REFERENCE 8: 118:68963

REFERENCE 9: 118:29127

REFERENCE 10: 117:221902

L90 ANSWER 29 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 4490-97-5 REGISTRY

CN Acetamide, N,N'-(dithiodi-2,1-phenylene)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Acetanilide, 2',2'''-dithiobis- (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Bis(2-acetamidophenyl) disulfide

CN Bis(2-acetylaminophenyl) disulfide

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C16 H16 N2 O2 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

23 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

23 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 133:321682

REFERENCE 2: 133:232370

REFERENCE 3: 132:30812

REFERENCE 4: 129:175448

REFERENCE 5: 128:69934

REFERENCE 6: 127:154564

REFERENCE 7: 126:205418

REFERENCE 8: 125:315100

REFERENCE 9: 125:76341

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REFERENCE 10: 124:248617
L90
     ANSWER 30 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     4136-91-8 REGISTRY
CN
     Thioperoxydicarbonic diamide ([(H2N)C(S)]2S2), tetrakis(1-methylethyl)-
           (CA INDEX NAME)
     (9CI)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Disulfide, bis(diisopropylthiocarbamoyl) (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     N, N, N', N'-Tetraisopropylthiuram disulfide
CN
     Tetraisopropylthiuram disulfide
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C14 H28 N2 S4
LC
     STN Files:
                  BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM,
       GMELIN*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
          S
                  S
(i-Pr)_2N-C-S-S-C-N(Pr-i)_2
              57 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
               1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
              57 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
               6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
REFERENCE
            1: 134:222836
REFERENCE
            2:
                134:24820
REFERENCE
            3:
                132:302454
REFERENCE
            4:
                132:166336
REFERENCE
            5:
                132:30812
REFERENCE
            6:
                131:234746
REFERENCE
            7:
                129:12327
REFERENCE
            8:
                127:81733
                126:206782
REFERENCE
            9:
REFERENCE 10:
                126:117561
L90
     ANSWER 31 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     3808-87-5 REGISTRY
     Disulfide, bis(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
     NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     Bis(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) disulfide
CN
     NSC 238936
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C12 H4 C16 S2
                  BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST,
LC
     STN Files:
       CSCHEM, HODOC*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      EINECS**
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

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Cl
Cl
              – S:
           Cl Cl
              32 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
              32 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
               9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
               134:237657
REFERENCE
            1:
REFERENCE
            2:
                134:17469
REFERENCE
            3:
                132:293840
REFERENCE
            4:
                132:30812
REFERENCE
            5:
                131:310538
REFERENCE
            6:
                131:195525
                131:6450
REFERENCE
            7:
                127:289795
REFERENCE
            8:
REFERENCE
            9:
                126:174104
REFERENCE
           10:
                126:90238
L90
    ANSWER 32 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     3696-28-4 REGISTRY
     Pyridine, 2,2'-dithiobis-, 1,1'-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Pyridine, 2,2'-dithiodi-, 1,1'-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     (1-0xo-2-pyridyl) disulfide
CN
     2,2'-Dipyridyl disulfide bis-N-oxide
CN
     2,2'-Dipyridyl disulfide N,N'-bisoxide
     2,2'-Dithiobis(pyridine 1-oxide)
CN
     2,2'-Dithiobis(pyridine N-oxide)
CN
     2,2'-Dithiobispyridine 1,1'-dioxide
CN
     2,2'-Dithiodipyridine 1,1'-dioxide
CN
     Bis(2-pyridine-N-oxide)disulfide
CN
     Bis(2-pyridyl 1-oxide) disulfide
CN
     Bis(2-pyridyl) disulfide di-N-oxide
CN
CN
     Bis(2-pyridyl-N-oxide) disulfide
CN
     Bis(N-oxido-2-pyridyl) disulfide
     Di-2-pyridyl disulfide N,N'-dioxide
CN
CN
     Dipyrithione
CN
     NSC 677437
CN
     Omadine disulfide
CN
     Omadine DS
CN
     OSY 20
FS
     3D CONCORD
     90829-79-1
DR
MF
     C10 H8 N2 O2 S2
CI
     COM
LC
                  BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
     STN Files:
       CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, HODOC*,
       IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT,
       USAN, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
```

EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**, WHO

Other Sources:

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

208 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

16 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

208 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

24 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:146240

REFERENCE 2: 135:124156

REFERENCE 3: 135:114410

REFERENCE 4: 135:66024

REFERENCE 5: 135:45919

REFERENCE 6: 135:30287

REFERENCE 7: 135:12029

REFERENCE 8: 134:354521

REFERENCE 9: 134:341599

REFERENCE 10: 134:341581

L90 ANSWER 33 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **2889-13-6** REGISTRY

CN Quinoline, 2,2'-dithiobis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Quinoline, 2,2'-dithiodi- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2,2'-Dithiodiquinoline

CN NSC 677473

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 137376-18-2

MF C18 H12 N2 S2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMINFORMRX, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

18 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

18 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

REFERENCE 2: 127:359105

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127:50552
REFERENCE
            3:
REFERENCE
            4:
                126:171184
REFERENCE
            5:
                126:8006
REFERENCE
            6:
                125:266044
REFERENCE
            7:
                125:221031
REFERENCE
            8:
                125:184901
REFERENCE
            9:
                125:76341
REFERENCE 10:
                119:197869
L90
    ANSWER 34 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     2645-22-9 REGISTRY
     Pyridine, 4,4'-dithiobis- (9CI)
                                       (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Pyridine, 4,4'-dithiodi- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     4,4'-Bipyridyl disulfide
     4,4'-Dipyridine disulfide
CN
     4,4'-Dipyridyl disulfide
CN
     4,4'-Dithiobispyridine
CN
CN
     4,4'-Dithiodipyridine
CN
     4,4'-Dithiopyridine
CN
     4-Pyridyl disulfide
CN
     Aldrithiol 4
CN
     Bis(4-pyridinyl) disulfide
CN
     Bis(4-pyridyl) disulfide
CN
     Di(4-Pyridyl) disulfide
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C10 H8 N2 S2
CI
     COM
                  AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT,
LC
     STN Files:
       CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM,
       EMBASE, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, SPECINFO, TOXLINE,
       TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources:
                      EINECS**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```



263 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
8 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
263 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:152660 REFERENCE 2: 135:147458 135:52718 REFERENCE 3: REFERENCE 135:30479 4: REFERENCE 5: 135:28279

REFERENCE 134:280956 6:

REFERENCE 7: 134:202271

8: REFERENCE 134:176199

9: REFERENCE 134:117266

REFERENCE 10: 134:97084

L90 ANSWER 35 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **2461-75-8** REGISTRY

Ethanone, 2,2'-dithiobis[1-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Acetophenone, 2,2''-dithiodi- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Diphenacyl disulfide

CN NSC 677471

CN Phenacyl disulfide

FS 3D CONCORD

MFC16 H14 O2 S2

BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, LC STN Files: TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 132:30812

2: REFERENCE 129:289733

REFERENCE 3: 125:184901

REFERENCE 4: 125:76341

REFERENCE 124:145533 5:

REFERENCE 6: 122:160173

REFERENCE 7: 110:173952

REFERENCE 8: 106:210170

REFERENCE 9: 105:227532

REFERENCE 10: 103:214927

```
L90 ANSWER 36 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     2127-03-9 REGISTRY
     Pyridine, 2,2'-dithiobis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Pyridine, 2,2'-dithiodi- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
     2,2'-Dipyridinyl disulfide
CN
     2,2'-Dipyridyl disulfide
CN
     2,2'-Dithiobis (pyridine)
CN
     2,2'-Dithiodipyridine
CN
CN
     2-Aldrithiol
     2-Pyridyl disulfide
CN
CN
     Aldrithiol 2
CN
     Bis(2-pyridinyl) disulfide
CN
     Bis(2-pyridyl) disulfide
CN
     Di-2-pyridyl disulfide
CN
     NSC 677438
FS
     3D CONCORD
DR
     219143-69-8
     C10 H8 N2 S2
MF
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                  AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA,
       CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST,
       CSCHEM, EMBASE, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, NIOSHTIC,
       PROMT, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources:
                      EINECS**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

N N

8 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967) REFERENCE 1: 135:92198 135:76989 REFERENCE 2: REFERENCE 3: 135:54978 REFERENCE 135:45860 4: 134:371759 REFERENCE 5: REFERENCE 6: 134:353315 REFERENCE 134:311390 7: REFERENCE 8: 134:304588 REFERENCE 9: 134:289476 REFERENCE 10: 134:280956 L90 ANSWER 37 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS RN 1634-02-2 REGISTRY

825 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

826 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

20 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

```
Thioperoxydicarbonic diamide ([(H2N)C(S)]2S2), tetrabutyl- (9CI)
CN
                                                                          (CA
     INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Disulfide, bis(dibutylthiocarbamoyl) (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
     Bis(dibutylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide
CN
     Butyl Tuads
CN
CN
     E-BT 55
     Methanethioamide, 1,1'-dithiobis[N,N-dibutyl-
CN
     N, N, N', N'-Tetrabutylthiuram disulfide
CN
     Nocceler TBT
CN
     Nocceler TBT-N
CN
CN
     NSC 677476
     Robac TBUT
CN
     Tetrabutylthiuram disulfide
CN
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C18 H36 N2 S4
CI
     COM
                  BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
LC
     STN Files:
       CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, RTECS*, SPECINFO,
       TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                     DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
(n-Bu) 2N - C - S - S - C - N (Bu-n) 2
             185 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
             185 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
              14 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
REFERENCE
            1:
                135:189326
REFERENCE
                135:124156
            2:
REFERENCE
            3:
                135:34410
REFERENCE
            4:
                134:368167
REFERENCE
            5:
                134:321746
REFERENCE
            6:
                134:179795
REFERENCE
            7:
                134:117016
REFERENCE
                133:363666
            8:
REFERENCE
                133:351404
            9:
REFERENCE 10:
                133:194966
L90
    ANSWER 38 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     1141-88-4 REGISTRY
     Benzenamine, 2,2'-dithiobis- (9CI)
                                          (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Aniline, 2,2'-dithiodi- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     1,1'-Dithiobis (2-aminobenzene)
     2,2'-Diaminodiphenyl disulfide
CN
CN
     2,2'-Dithiobis[aniline]
     2,2'-Dithiobis[benzenamine]
CN
CN
     2,2'-Dithiodianiline
```

```
CN
     Bis(2-aminophenyl) disulfide
CN
     Bis(o-aminophenyl) disulfide
CN
     Di(2-aminophenyl) disulfide
CN
     Di(o-aminophenyl) disulfide
CN
     Disulfide, bis(2-aminophenyl)
CN
     Intramine
CN
     NSC 8186
     o,o'-Diaminodiphenyl disulfide
CN
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C12 H12 N2 S2
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                  BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
       CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB,
       IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, NIOSHTIC, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE,
       TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

CN

3,3-Dithiobispropionic acid

```
281 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
              10 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
             282 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
              31 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
REFERENCE
            1:
                135:129516
REFERENCE
            2:
                135:114413
REFERENCE
            3:
                135:99776
REFERENCE
            4:
                135:70158
REFERENCE
                135:54994
            5:
REFERENCE
                135:53458
            6:
REFERENCE
            7:
                135:52718
REFERENCE
            8:
                135:11521
REFERENCE
                134:340469
            9:
REFERENCE 10:
                134:280818
L90
    ANSWER 39 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     1119-62-6 REGISTRY
     Propanoic acid, 3,3'-dithiobis- (9CI)
                                             (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Propionic acid, 3,3'-dithiodi- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     .beta.,.beta.'-Dithiodipropionic acid
CN
     2-Carboxyethyl disulfide
CN
     3,3'-Dithiodipropanoic acid
CN
     3,3'-Dithiodipropionic acid
```

```
CN
     Bis(2-carboxyethyl)disulfide
CN
     NSC 677544
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C6 H10 O4 S2
CI
     COM
                  AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, CA, CAOLD,
LC
     STN Files:
       CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, DETHERM*, HODOC*, IFICDB,
       IFIPAT, IFIUDB, NIOSHTIC, SPECINFO, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
HO_2C-CH_2-CH_2-S-S-CH_2-CH_2-CO_2H
             266 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
              30 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
             267 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
              34 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
REFERENCE
            1: 135:129593
                135:112040
REFERENCE
            2:
                135:50891
REFERENCE
            3:
REFERENCE
            4:
                135:15183
REFERENCE
            5:
                135:2531
REFERENCE
            6:
                135:1928
REFERENCE
            7:
                134:261272
                134:248233
REFERENCE
            8:
                133:362510
REFERENCE
            9:
REFERENCE 10: 133:252621
    ANSWER 40 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
L90
     644-32-6 REGISTRY
RN
     Disulfide, dibenzoyl (9CI)
                                 (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Benzoyl disulfide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
     Bensulfenum
CN
CN
     Benthiolan
     Dibenzoyl disulfide
CN
CN
     NSC 677460
CN
     Septiolan
CN
     Thiocutol
     3D CONCORD
FS
MF
     C14 H10 O2 S2
CI
                  BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
LC
     STN Files:
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB,
       IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      EINECS**
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

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O O |
|| || ||
Ph-C-S-S-C-Ph
```

- 111 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 - 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 111 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
- 27 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:24675

REFERENCE 2: 133:89319

REFERENCE 3: 132:87659

REFERENCE 4: 132:30812

REFERENCE 5: 131:222770

REFERENCE 6: 131:136787

REFERENCE 7: 130:351899

REFERENCE 8: 130:244468

REFERENCE 9: 128:294562

REFERENCE 10: 128:270246

L90 ANSWER 41 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 589-32-2 REGISTRY

CN Ethanamine, 2,2'-dithiobis[N,N-diethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Triethylamine, 2,2'''-dithiobis- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2,2'''-Dithiobistriethylamine

CN 6,7-Dithia-3,10-diazadodecane, 3,10-diethyl-

CN N, N, N', N'-Tetraethylcystamine

CN Tetraethylcystamine

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C12 H28 N2 S2

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMINFORMRX, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Et2N-CH2-CH2-S-S-CH2-CH2-NEt2

53 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

53 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

14 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:38021

REFERENCE 2: 132:30812

REFERENCE 3: 131:59141

REFERENCE 4: 130:261228

REFERENCE 5: 129:149255

```
REFERENCE 6: 127:135859
```

REFERENCE 7: 126:27772

REFERENCE 8: 125:76341

REFERENCE 9: 121:2763

REFERENCE 10: 115:280135

L90 ANSWER 42 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 541-59-3 REGISTRY

CN 1H-Pyrrole-2,5-dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Maleimide (6CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 3-Pyrroline-2,5-dione

CN Maleic imide

CN Pyrrole-2,5-dione

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C4 H3 N O2

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPAT2, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

1500 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

593 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

1503 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

33 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:177719

REFERENCE 2: 135:177260

REFERENCE 3: 135:149607

REFERENCE 4: 135:147458

REFERENCE 5: 135:139162

REFERENCE 6: 135:126829

REFERENCE 7: 135:108338

REFERENCE 8: 135:107693

REFERENCE 9: 135:106922

REFERENCE 10: 135:97419

L90 ANSWER 43 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **537-91-7** REGISTRY

```
Disulfide, bis(3-nitrophenyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN
     Disulfide, bis(m-nitrophenyl) (7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
     3,3'-Dinitrodiphenyl disulfide
CN
CN
     Bis(3-nitrophenyl) disulfide
CN
     Bis(m-nitrophenyl) disulfide
CN
     Hinagen
     m, m'-Dinitrodiphenyl disulfide
CN
CN
     Megasul
     Nitrophenide
ÇN
CN
     NP
     NSC 677441
CN
FS
     3D CONCORD
DR
     8052-96-8
MF
     C12 H8 N2 O4 S2
                  AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
LC
       CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, HODOC*, MEDLINE, MRCK*,
       MSDS-OHS, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

```
1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
              84 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
               4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
            1: 133:327877
REFERENCE
                133:217305
REFERENCE
            2:
REFERENCE
            3:
                133:163930
REFERENCE
                132:87659
            4:
REFERENCE
            5:
                132:30812
REFERENCE
                132:22753
            6:
REFERENCE
            7:
                131:214038
REFERENCE
            8:
                131:199422
REFERENCE
            9:
                131:103809
REFERENCE 10:
                130:326798
L90
    ANSWER 44 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     502-55-6 REGISTRY
     Thioperoxydicarbonic acid ([(HO)C(S)]2S2), diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
     NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Formic acid, dithiobis [thio-, O,O-diethyl ester (6CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
```

84 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

```
CN
     3,8-Dioxa-5,6-dithiadecane-4,7-dithione
CN
     Antigal
CN
     Auligen
CN
     Aulin
CN
     Aulinogen
CN
     Bexide
CN
     Bisethylxanthogen
CN
     Bisethylxanthogen disulfide
CN
     Diethyl dixanthogen
CN
     Diethylxanthogen disulfide
CN
     Dithiobis (thioformic acid) O, O-diethyl ester
CN
CN
     Dixanthogen
CN
     EXD
CN
     Galasan
CN
     Herbisan
CN
     Herbisan 5
CN
     K Preparation
CN
     Lenisarin
CN
     NSC 402561
CN
     O, O-Diethyl dithiobis[thioformate]
CN
     Scabicidol
CN
     Thioperoxydicarbonic acid diethyl ester
CN
     Xantoscabin
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C6 H10 O2 S4
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                  AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA,
       CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM,
       DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSDIRECTORY,
       MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PHARMASEARCH, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*,
       SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**, WHO
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
EtO-C-S-S-C-OEt
             295 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
               5 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
             295 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
              34 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
            1: 134:202288
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
            2:
                133:344002
                133:284438
REFERENCE
            3:
                133:269645
REFERENCE
            4:
REFERENCE
            5:
                133:269641
REFERENCE
                133:180637
            6:
REFERENCE
                132:95965
            7:
            8:
                132:41885
REFERENCE
            9:
REFERENCE
                132:30812
REFERENCE 10:
               131:228919
```

```
ANSWER 45 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
L90
RN
     137-26-8 REGISTRY
CN
     Thioperoxydicarbonic diamide ([(H2N)C(S)]2S2), tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA
     INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Disulfide, bis(dimethylthiocarbamoyl) (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     AApirol
CN
     Aatiram
CN
     Accel TMT
CN
     Accelerant T
CN
     Accelerator T
CN
     Accelerator Thiuram
CN
     Aceto TETD
CN
     Anles
CN
     Arasan
CN
     Arasan 42S
CN
     Arasan 50 red
CN
     Arasan 70
     Arasan 70-S Red
CN
CN
     Arasan 75
CN
     Arasan M
CN
     Arasan-SF
CN
     Atiram
CN
     Basultra
CN
     Betoxin
CN
     Bis (dimethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide
CN
     Bis(dimethylthiocarbamyl) disulfide
CN
     Cunitex
CN
     Delsan
CN
     Ekagom TB
CN
     Emol
CN
     Falitiram
CN
     Ferna-Col
CN
     Fernasan
CN
     Fernasan A
CN
     Fernide
CN
     Formalsol
CN
     Hermal
CN
     Hermat TMT
CN
     Heryl
     Hexathir
CN
CN
     Kregasan
CN
     Mercuram
CN
     Methyl Thiram
CN
     Methyl Tuads
CN
     Metiur
CN
     Metiurac
     N, N, N', N'-Tetramethylthiuram disulfide
CN
CN
     Nobecutan
CN
     Nocceler TT
CN
     Normersan
     NSC 1771
CN
CN
     Orac TMTD
CN
     Panoram 75
     Perkacit TMTD
CN
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
     DISPLAY
FS
     3D CONCORD
     12680-07-8, 12680-62-5, 56645-31-9, 66173-72-6, 93196-73-7, 39456-80-9
DR
MF
     C6 H12 N2 S4
CI
     COM
                  ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
LC
     STN Files:
       BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
       CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU,
```

DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSDIRECTORY, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PHARMASEARCH, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, ULIDAT, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU

(*File contains numerically searchable property data) Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**, WHO (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

5189 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

85 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

5195 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

51 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:184742

REFERENCE 2: 135:176722

REFERENCE 135:171005 3:

135:167857 REFERENCE 4:

REFERENCE 5: 135:138546

135:133426 REFERENCE 6:

135:132352 REFERENCE 7:

REFERENCE 8: 135:124156

135:88547 REFERENCE 9:

REFERENCE 10: 135:88352

L90 ANSWER 46 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **128-53-0** REGISTRY

1H-Pyrrole-2,5-dione, 1-ethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Maleimide, N-ethyl- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Ethylmaleimide

CN Maleic acid N-ethylimide

CN N-Ethylmaleimide

CN NEM

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C6 H7 N O2

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

CN

CN

Nocceler DM

Nocceler DM-PO

```
2610 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
              27 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
            2611 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
              88 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
REFERENCE
            1: 135:175357
REFERENCE
            2:
                135:166212
REFERENCE
            3:
                135:149695
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            4:
                135:149607
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            5:
                135:146978
REFERENCE
                135:134426
REFERENCE
            7:
                135:132412
REFERENCE
            8:
                135:120441
REFERENCE
            9:
                135:117219
REFERENCE 10:
                135:106286
L90
    ANSWER 47 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     120-78-5 REGISTRY
CN
     Benzothiazole, 2,2'-dithiobis- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     2,2'-Benzothiazolyl disulfide
CN
     2,2'-Benzothiazyl disulfide
     2,2'-Dibenzothiazole disulfide
CN
CN
     2,2'-Dibenzothiazolyl disulfide
     2,2'-Dithiobis[benzothiazole]
CN
CN
     2-Benzothiazolyl disulfide
CN
     2-Benzothiazyl disulfide
CN
     2-Mercaptobenzothiazole disulfide
CN
     Accel DM
     Accel TM
CN
CN
     Altax
CN
     Benzothiazole disulfide
CN
     Benzothiazolyl disulfide
CN
     Benzothiazyl disulfide
     Bis(2-benzothiazole) 2,2'-disulfide
CN
     Bis(2-benzothiazoly1) 2,2'-disulfide
CN
CN
     Bis(2-benzothiazolyl) disulfide
CN
     Bis(2-benzothiazyl) disulfide
CN
     DBTD
CN
     Di-2-benzothiazolyl disulfide
CN
     Dibenzothiazolyl disulfide
CN
     Dibenzothiazyl disulfide
CN
     Dibenzthiazyl disulfide
CN
     Ekagom GS
CN
     MBTS
CN
     MBTS rubber accelerator
CN
     Merasulf MBTS
```

```
CN
     NSC 677459
CN
     Perkacit MBTS
CN
     Pneumax DM
CN
     Royal MBTS
CN
     Sanceler DM
CN
     Soxinol DM
CN
     Thiofide
CN
     Thiofide MBTS
CN
     Vulcafor MBTS
CN
     Vulkacit DM
CN
     Vulkacit DM/C
CN
     Vulkacit DM/MG
CN
     Vulkafil ZN 96TT11
CN
     Wobezit DM
FS
     3D CONCORD
DR
     109767-80-8
MF
     C14 H8 N2 S4
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
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CC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, ULIDAT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

1448 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
10 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
1452 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
45 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:168913 REFERENCE 135:123620 2: REFERENCE 135:50891 3: REFERENCE 135:47468 4: REFERENCE 5: 135:5283 134:370839 REFERENCE 6: REFERENCE 134:341509 7: REFERENCE 134:341485 8: REFERENCE 9: 134:328733 REFERENCE 10: 134:327264 L90 ANSWER 48 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS RN 105-65-7 REGISTRY CN Thioperoxydicarbonic acid ([(HO)C(S)]2S2), bis(1-methylethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES: Formic acid, dithiobis[thio-, O,O-diisopropyl ester (6CI, 8CI)

```
OTHER NAMES:
     Bis(2-propyl) dixanthogen
CN
CN
     Bis(isopropoxythiocarbonyl) disulfide
     Bis(isopropylxanthogen) disulfide
CN
CN
     Bis (O-isopropylxanthyl) disulfide
CN
     Diisopropyl dixanthogen
CN
     Diisopropyl tetrathioperoxydicarbonate
CN
     Diisopropyl xanthogenate disulfide
CN
     Diisopropylxanthogen disulfide
CN
     Diproxid
CN
     Diproxide
CN
     Isopropyl xanthogen disulfide
CN
     NSC 1339
CN
     O, O-Diisopropyl dithiobis (thioformate)
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C8 H14 O2 S4
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                  BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST,
       CSCHEM, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MSDS-OHS, RTECS*, SPECINFO,
       TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
             181 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
               5 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
             181 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
              31 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
REFERENCE
            1: 134:202288
REFERENCE
            2:
                133:268128
                133:239012
REFERENCE
            3:
REFERENCE
                133:237514
            4:
            5:
                132:30812
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
                131:116407
            6:
REFERENCE
            7:
                130:125009
REFERENCE
            8:
                130:82018
            9:
                129:96505
REFERENCE
REFERENCE 10: 129:92767
L90 ANSWER 49 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN
     100-32-3 REGISTRY
CN
     Disulfide, bis(4-nitrophenyl) (9CI)
                                           (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Disulfide, bis(p-nitrophenyl) (7CI, 8CI)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
     4,4'-Dinitrodiphenyl disulfide
CN
     Bis(4-nitrophenyl) disulfide
```

CN

CN

Bis(p-nitrophenyl) disulfide

```
CN
     Di(p-nitrophenyl) disulfide
CN
     Di-4-nitrophenyl disulfide
CN
     NSC 677446
CN
     p,p'-Dinitrodiphenyl disulfide
CN
     p-Nitrophenyl disulfide
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C12 H8 N2 O4 S2
LC
     STN Files:
                  BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
       CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT,
       IFIUDB, MEDLINE, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                      EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
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256 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
256 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:92198 REFERENCE 2: 134:295468 REFERENCE 3: 134:280556 REFERENCE 4: 134:178342 REFERENCE 5: 134:147367 REFERENCE 6: 134:85823

REFERENCE 7: 134:71723

REFERENCE 8: 134:56752

REFERENCE 9: 134:28989

REFERENCE 10: 134:17469

L90 ANSWER 50 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS RN 97-77-8 REGISTRY

CN Thioperoxydicarbonic diamide ([(H2N)C(S)]2S2), tetraethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Disulfide, bis(diethylthiocarbamoyl) (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Abstensil

CN Abstinil

CN Abstinyl

CN Accel TET

CN Accel TET-R

CN Alcophobin

CN Antabus

CN Antabuse

CN Antadix

CN Antaethyl

CN Antalcol

CN Antetan CN Antetil

CN Anticol

```
CN
     Antietanol
CN
     Antietil
CN
     Antikol
     Antivitium
CN
CN
     Aversan
CN
     Averzan
CN
     Bis(diethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide
CN
     Bis (N, N-diethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide
CN
     Contralin
CN
     Cronetal
CN
     Dicupral
CN
     Disulfiram
CN
     Ekagom DTET
CN
     Ekagom TEDS
CN
     Ekagom TETDS
CN
     Espenal
CN
     Esperal
CN
     Etabus
CN
     Ethyl Thiram
CN
     Ethyl Thiurad
CN
     Ethyl Tuads
CN
     Ethyl Tuex
CN
     Exhorran
CN
     Hoca
CN
     Krotenal
CN
     N, N, N', N'-Tetraethylthiuram disulfide
CN
     Nocceler TET
CN
     Nocceler TET-G
CN
     Noxal
CN
     NSC 25953
CN
     Refusal
CN
     Sanceler TET
CN
     Sanceler TET-G
CN
     Soxinol TET
CN
     Stopetyl
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
     DISPLAY
FS
     3D CONCORD
DR
     11078-22-1, 155-01-1
MF
     C10 H20 N2 S4
CT
     COM
                 ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
LC
     STN Files:
       BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
       CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU,
       DIOGENES, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB,
       IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSDIRECTORY, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC,
       PHARMASEARCH, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                     DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**, WHO
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

$$\begin{bmatrix} S & S \\ \parallel & \parallel \end{bmatrix}$$

Et₂N-C-S-S-C-NEt₂

2083 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
41 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
2085 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
23 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:152555

REFERENCE 2: 135:124156

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REFERENCE
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                135:118195
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            4:
                135:102568
REFERENCE
            5:
                135:88494
REFERENCE
            6:
                135:88161
REFERENCE
            7:
                135:86973
REFERENCE
            8:
                135:84285
REFERENCE
            9:
                135:72563
REFERENCE 10:
                135:70320
    ANSWER 51 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
L90
RN
     94-37-1 REGISTRY
                                                          (CA INDEX NAME)
     Piperidine, 1,1'-(dithiodicarbonothioyl)bis- (9CI)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Disulfide, bis(piperidinothiocarbonyl) (6CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     1-Piperidinethiocarbonyl disulfide
CN
     Bis(1-piperidylthiocarbonyl) disulfide
CN
     Bis (pentamethylene) thiuram disulfide
CN
     Bis(piperidinothiocarbonyl) disulfide
CN
     Dicyclopentamethylenethiuram disulfide
CN
     Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide
CN
     Disulfide, bis(1-piperidinylthioxomethyl)
CN
     N, N'-Pentamethylenethiuram disulfide
CN
     NSC 527035
CN
     Robac PTD
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C12 H20 N2 S4
                  BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
LC
       CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,
       MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources:
                      EINECS**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

104 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE) 4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 104 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE) 15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:129593 134:321746 REFERENCE 2: REFERENCE 134:237436 3: REFERENCE 134:222836 4: REFERENCE 5. 133:336375 133:336374 REFERENCE 6. REFERENCE 7: 133:290306 REFERENCE 8: 133:239194

REFERENCE 9: 133:178587

REFERENCE 10: 132:166336

L90 ANSWER 52 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 69-78-3 REGISTRY

CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-dithiobis[6-nitro- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2,2'-Dinitro-5,5'-dithiodibenzoic acid

CN 3,3'-Dithiobis(6-nitrobenzoic acid)

CN 5,5'-Dithiobis[2-nitrobenzoic acid]

CN Ba 2767

CN DTNB

CN Named reagents and solutions, Ellman's

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C14 H8 N2 O8 S2

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

1146 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

38 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

1146 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE) 18 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:149048

REFERENCE 2: 135:147458

REFERENCE 3: 135:104430

REFERENCE 4: 135:103867

REFERENCE 5: 135:101846

REFERENCE 6: 135:97445

REFERENCE 7: 135:89302

REFERENCE 8: 135:41003

REFERENCE 9: 134:350258

REFERENCE 10: 134:349838

L90 ANSWER 53 OF 53 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN **67-16-3** REGISTRY

CN Formamide, N, N'-[dithiobis[2-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-methyl-2,1-

```
ethenediyl]]bis[N-[(4-amino-2-methyl-5-pyrimidinyl)methyl]- (9CI)
                                                                           (CA
     INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Formamide, N, N'-[dithiobis[2-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-methylvinylene]]bis[N-[(4-
     amino-2-methyl-5-pyrimidinyl)methyl]- (7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     Algoneurina
     Alitia S
CN
CN
     Aneurine disulfide
CN
     Apren S
CN
     Daiomin
CN
     Daisazin
CN
     Feidmin 5
     N, N'-[Dithiobis[2-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-methylvinylene]]bis[N-[(4-amino-2-
CN
     methyl-5-pyrimidinyl)methyl]formamide
CN
     Neolamin
     SSB1
CN
CN
     TDS
     TDS (neurotrope)
CN
     Thiamidin F
CN
     Thiamin disulfide
CN
CN
     Thiamine disulfide
CN
     Vitamin B1 disulfide
MF
     C24 H34 N8 O4 S2
CI
     COM
LC
     STN Files:
                  AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
       BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM,
       DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE,
       TOXLIT, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
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EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**

153 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
7 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
153 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

REFERENCE 134:366891 1: 133:263015 REFERENCE 2: REFERENCE 3: 132:347366 REFERENCE 132:30812 4: REFERENCE 5: 131:308852 REFERENCE 6: 131:291297 REFERENCE 7: 131:257023 REFERENCE 8: 131:210860 REFERENCE 9: 131:106888

Other Sources:

REFERENCE 10: 130:257337

Vitamins

```
=> d all tot
L107 ANSWER 1 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
ΑN
     2000:692095 HCAPLUS
DN
     133:227842
ΤI
     Cochleate delivery vehicles
IN
     Gould-Fogerite, Susan; Mannino, Raphael James
PΑ
SO
     U.S., 24 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl. No. PCT/US96/01704.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
IC
     H61K048-00
NCL
     514044000
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 18
FAN.CNT 4
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
                     ____
                                           -----
                                                           -----
ΡI
     US 5994318
                    Α
                           19991130
                                           US 1997-803662
                                                            19970221 <---
     US 5643574
                     Α
                            19970701
                                           US 1993-130986
                                                            19931004 <--
     US 5840707
                     Α
                            19981124
                                           US 1995-394170
                                                            19950222 <--
     WO 9625942
                     A1
                          19960829
                                           WO 1996-US1704
                                                            19960222
         W: AU, CA, JP, NZ, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
PRAI US 1993-130986
                      Α2
                          19931004
                                     <--
     US 1995-394170
                      Α2
                            19950222
     WO 1996-US1704
                      Α2
                            19960222
AΒ
     The disclosure relates to cochleates comprising a) a biol. relevant mol.
     component b) a neg. charged lipid component, and c) a divalent cation
     component. The cochleate has an extended shelf life, even in a desiccated
     state. Advantageously, the cochleate can be ingested. The biol. relevant
     mol. can be a topical application and an in vitro treatment, a polypeptide
     a drug, a nutrient, or a flavor. Viral glycoprotein-contg. cochleates
     were prepd. from phosphatidylserine, cholesterol, octyl
     .alpha.-D-glucopyranoside, and viruses.
ST
     cochleate drug delivery; nutrient delivery cochleate
IT
     Immunostimulants
        (adjuvants; cochleate delivery vehicles)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cinnamon; cochleate delivery vehicles)
TT
     Anesthetics
     Anti-infective agents
     Anti-inflammatory agents
    Antibacterial agents
     Antitumor agents
      Antiviral agents
     Nutrients
     Tranquilizers
     Vaccines
     Vasodilators
        (cochleate delivery vehicles)
IT
     Carbohydrates, biological studies
     Essential oils
     Fatty acids, biological studies
     Lipids, biological studies
     Peptides, biological studies
     Phosphatidylserines
     Proteins, general, biological studies
     Steroids, biological studies
     Toxins
```

```
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cochleate delivery vehicles)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (liposomes; cochleate delivery vehicles)
ΙT
     50-02-2, Dexamethasone 50-23-7, Hydrocortisone
                                                      50-24-8, Prednisolone
     52-53-9, Verapamil
                         53-06-5, Cortisone
                                              148-82-3, Melphalan
     18-Hydroxydeoxycorticosterone
                                   439-14-5, Diazepam
                                                          512-64-1, Echinomycin
     645-05-6, Hexamethylmelamine
                                  1406-16-2, Vitamin d
                                                          1406-18-4, Vitamin e
     1421-14-3, Propanidid
                             2078-54-8, Propofol 7439-89-6, Iron,
    biological studies
                          7439-95-4, Magnesium, biological studies
     Barium, biological studies 7440-66-6, Zinc, biological studies
     7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
                                            8067-82-1, Alphadione
     11103-57-4, Vitamin a
                             12001-76-2, Vitamin b
                                                     12001-79-5, Vitamin k
    15158-11-9, Cupric ion, biological studies
                                                 15438-31-0, Ferrous
     ion, biological studies
                              21829-25-4, Nifedipine
                                                        22204-53-1, Naproxen
     22537-22-0, Magnesium ion, biological studies
                                                     22832-87-7, Miconazole
              23713-49-7, Zinc ion, biological studies
                                                         25316-40-9,
                 29767-20-2, Teniposide
                                          33069-62-4, Taxol
                                                               36322-90-4,
    Adriamycin
    Piroxicam
                 53123-88-9, Rapamycin
                                         59277-89-3, Acyclovir
                                                                 59865-13-3,
                    114977-28-5, Taxotere
    Cyclosporin a
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cochleate delivery vehicles)
RE.CNT
        139
RE
(1) Aboaqye-Matheisen; Clin Diagn Lab Immunol 1994, V1, P650
(2) Aboagye-Mathiesen; Antiviral Res 1993, V22, P91 HCAPLUS
(3) Aderka; J Immunol 1986, V136, P2938 HCAPLUS
(4) Anderson; US 5409698 1995
(5) Anon; J Immunol 1980, V124, P724
(6) Baker; US 5190760 1993 HCAPLUS
(7) Belshe; J Infect Dis 1993, V168, P1387 MEDLINE
(8) Beretta; Eur J Immunol 1987, V17, P1793 HCAPLUS
(9) Bisaccia; Annals of Internal Medicine 1990, V113, P270 MEDLINE
(10) Bloom; Science 1994, V265, P1378 MEDLINE
(11) Bollon; J Cell Biochem 1988, V36, P353 HCAPLUS
(12) Booser; Drugs 1994, V47, P223 MEDLINE
(13) Brownstein; Am J Vet Res 1987, V48, P1692 MEDLINE
(14) Busam; Eur J Biochem 1990, V191, P577 HCAPLUS
(15) Celis; Hepatology 1985, V5, P744 HCAPLUS
(16) Cohen; Science 1994, V265, P1371 MEDLINE
(17) Cohen; Science 1994, V265, P1373 MEDLINE
(18) Darrow; Cancer Control 1995, P415
(19) de Santis; J Infect Dis 1993, V168, P1396 HCAPLUS
(20) Dehlin; Mol Cell Biool 1996, V16, P468 HCAPLUS
(21) Dejucq; Endocrinology 1995, V136, P4925 HCAPLUS
(22) Deres; Nature 1989, V342, P561 HCAPLUS
(23) Dipaola; J Interferon Res 1994, V14, P325 HCAPLUS
(24) D'Addario; J Virol 1990, V64, P6080 HCAPLUS
(25) Ellis; Nucleic Acids Res 1994, V22, P4489 HCAPLUS
(26) Estis; US 5026557 1991 HCAPLUS
(27) Ewing; J Virol 1994, V68, P3065 HCAPLUS
(28) Feldman; Virol 1994, V204, P1 HCAPLUS
(29) Felgner; US 5580859 1996 HCAPLUS
(30) Felgner; US 5589466 1996 HCAPLUS
(31) Finberg; J Exp Med 1978, V148, P1620 HCAPLUS
(32) Fukami; Infect Immun 1979, V26, P815 MEDLINE
(33) Garman; J Immunol 1983, V130, P756 HCAPLUS
(34) Garman; J Immunol 1984, V132, P1879 HCAPLUS
(35) Garoufalis; J Virol 1994, V68, P4707 HCAPLUS
(36) Gibbons; Science 1994, V265, P1376 MEDLINE
(37) Gold; Treatment Issues V8, P5
(38) Golding; J Clin Invest 1989, V83, P1430 HCAPLUS
(39) Goodman-Snitkoff; J Immunol 1991, V147, P410 HCAPLUS
(40) Goodman-Snitkoff; Vaccine 1990, V8, P257 HCAPLUS
(41) Gordon; US 5612019 1997
```

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P569

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- The present invention provides several classes of compds. which can be used to inactivate retroviruses, e.g. HIV-1, by attacking the CCHC zinc fingers of the viral nucleocapsid protein and ejecting the zinc therefrom. In addn., kits for identifying compds. that can react with CCHC zinc

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fingers of the nucleocapsid proteins of a large no. of different retroviruses have also been developed. The kits of the present invention describe a set of specific tests and reagents that can be used to screen and identify compds. based on their ability to react with and disrupt retroviral zinc fingers in the viral NC proteins and, in turn, inactivate the retrovirus of interest. retrovirus nucleocapsid protein zinc finger antiviral; HIV1 nucleocapsid protein zinc finger antiviral; screening antiviral retrovirus nucleocapsid protein zinc finger Proteins, specific or class RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (NC(p7) (nucleocapsid, p7); identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein. and use with other agents) Nucleotides, biological studies RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (analogs; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV -1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein. and use with other agents) Ketones, biological studies RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (halo; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein) Antiviral agents Capillary electrophoresis Fluorometry HPLC Human immunodeficiency virus 1 Lentivirus NMR spectroscopy Retroviridae (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein) Disulfides Hydrazides RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein) Drug screening Redox reaction (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein. and use with other agents) Immunoassay (immunoblotting; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein) Proteins, specific or class RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (nucleocapsid; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein) Virus

(oncovirus; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV

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-1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved
        zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein)
IT
     Protein motifs
        (zinc finger; identification and use of compds.
        inactivating HIV-1 or other retrovirus by attacking
       highly conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid
        protein)
IT
     7440-50-8, Copper, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cupric ion; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV
        -1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved
        zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein)
TΤ
     7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (ferric ion; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV
        -1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved
        zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid protein)
IT
     69-78-3 94-37-1, Dicyclopentamethylenethiuram disulfide
     97-77-8, Tetraethylthiuram disulfide 100-32-3
     105-65-7 120-78-5 137-26-8, Tetramethylthiuram
     disulfide 502-55-6, O,O-Diethyl dithiobis(thioformate)
     537-91-7 541-59-3D, Maleimide, derivs.
     589-32-2 644-32-6, Benzoyl disulfide 1119-62-6
     1141-88-4 1634-02-2, Tetrabutylthiuram disulfide
     2127-03-9, Aldrithiol-2 2461-75-8 2645-22-9,
    Aldrithiol-4 2889-13-6 3696-28-4 3808-87-5
     4136-91-8, Tetraisopropylthiuram disulfide 4490-97-5
     5397-29-5 7038-49-5 7439-89-6D, Iron,
     complexes 7440-50-8D, Copper, complexes 10102-43-9,
    Nitric oxide, biological studies 10102-43-9D,
    Nitric oxide, derivs. 14193-38-5,
    trans-1,2-Dithiane-4,5-diol 14370-67-3, p-Tolyl disulfoxide
     14756-51-5 14807-75-1, Formamidine disulfide
     dihydrochloride 15658-35-2 16766-09-9
     20201-05-2 24696-61-5, 2,4-Dinitrophenyl-p-tolyl
     disulfide 29124-55-8 29581-98-4 33174-74-2
     38262-57-6 61747-35-1 66546-28-9
     72687-29-7 178487-70-2
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or
        other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc
       finger in viral nucleocapsid protein)
IT
    7440-66-6, Zinc, biological studies
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or
        other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc
        finger in viral nucleocapsid protein)
IT
     252295-83-3
     RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);
     PROC (Process)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or
        other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc
        finger in viral nucleocapsid protein)
IT
     144189-66-2, 3-Nitrosobenzamide
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); PEP (Physical,
     engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or
        other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc
        finger in viral nucleocapsid protein. and use with other
        agents)
ΙT
     67-16-3, Thiamine disulfide 128-53-0, N-Ethylmaleimide
     30516-87-1 35964-48-8
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RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or
        other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc
        finger in viral nucleocapsid protein. and use with other
        agents)
IT
     3544-24-9
                 7447-39-4, Cupric chloride, processes
                                                          156730-41-5
     252251-19-7
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 or
        other retrovirus by attacking highly conserved zinc
        finger in viral nucleocapsid protein. and use with other
        agents)
     13982-39-3, Zinc-65, biological studies
IT
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (release of radioactive; identification and use of compds. inactivating
       HIV-1 or other retrovirus by attacking highly
        conserved zinc finger in viral nucleocapsid
       protein)
RE.CNT
       28
RE
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AN
     1996:637543 HCAPLUS
DN
     125:293047
TΙ
     Two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases using
     peroxide-reactive metal-ion contq. compd. followed by peroxide
TN
     Bodaness, Richard S.
PA
     USA
SO
     U.S., 12 pp.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
    English
T.A
     ICM A61K031-40
TC
NCL
    514185000
CC
     1-12 (Pharmacology)
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Section cross-reference(s): 63

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FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                          19961008 US 1994-263186 19940621 <--
PΤ
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AΒ
    A two-step treatment method for e.g. cancer consists of the initial
    administration of a cancer-localizing peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg.
    compd., followed by administration of a peroxide compd. to the patient
    after allowing sufficient time for the localization to the cancer of the
    metal-ion contq. compd. to occur. The product of the chem. reaction
    between the cancer-localizing metal-ion contg. compd. and the peroxide
    compd. is an oxidant species which acts to destroy the cancer.
    cancer treatment metal compd peroxide; two step therapeutic metal compd
ST
    peroxide
ΙT
    Antigens
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (destruction of; peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
IT
    Animal tissue
        (destruction; peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
    Cell membrane
IT
        (metal-ion contg. compd. localizing to; peroxide-reactive metal-ion
       contg. compd. followed by peroxide for two-step treatment method for
       cancer and other diseases)
IT
    Animal cell
        (peroxide-generating; peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd.
       followed by peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other
       diseases)
ΙT
    Cytotoxic agents
    Neoplasm inhibitors
    Oxidizing agents
    Psoriasis
    Reiter's disease
    Therapeutics
      Virucides and Virustats
        (peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by peroxide for
       two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
TΥ
    Coordination compounds
    Corrinoids
    Peroxides, biological studies
    Pheophorbides
    Pheophytins
    Porphyrins
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (peroxide-reactive metal-ion contq. compd. followed by peroxide for
       two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
    Antibodies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (tissue-localizing; peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed
       by peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other
       diseases)
IT
        (Sweet's syndrome, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed
       by peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other
       diseases)
TT
    Keratosis
        (actinic, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
    Neoplasm inhibitors
        (basal cell carcinoma, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd.
       followed by peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other
       diseases)
IT
    Skin, neoplasm
        (basal cell carcinoma, inhibitors, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg.
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compd. followed by peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer

and other diseases)

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ΙT
     Porphyrins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (chlorins, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
IT
     Transplant and Transplantation
        (graft-vs.-host reaction, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd.
        followed by peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other
       diseases)
     Dermatitis
IT
        (herpetiformis, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contq. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
     Blood vessel, disease
        (leukocytoclastic vasculitis, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contq. compd.
        followed by peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other
       diseases)
     Peroxides, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (org., peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by peroxide
        for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (phorbins, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
IT
     Porphyrins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (purpurins, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
     Psoriasis
        (pustular, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
     Porphyrins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (sapphyrins, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contq. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
ΙT
     Keratosis
        (seborrheic, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by
       peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
IT
    Neoplasm inhibitors
        (squamous cell carcinoma, peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd.
        followed by peroxide for two-step treatment method for cancer and other
       diseases)
IT
     101-60-0, Porphin
                         480-57-9, Erythrin 493-90-3
                                                         553-12-8
                                                                    574-93-6.
     Phthalocyanine
                    2683-78-5, Bacteriochlorin
                                                  4396-11-6, Porphyrinogen
     7439-89-6D, Iron, complexes 7439-92-1D, Lead, complexes
     7439-96-5D, Manganese, complexes 7439-97-6D, Mercury, complexes
     7439-98-7D, Molybdenum, complexes 7440-02-0D, Nickel, complexes
     7440-03-1D, Niobium, complexes 7440-04-2D, Osmium, complexes
     7440-06-4D, Platinum, complexes 7440-15-5D, Rhenium, complexes
     7440-16-6D, Rhodium, complexes
                                     7440-18-8D, Ruthenium, complexes
     7440-19-9D, Samarium, complexes 7440-22-4D, Silver, complexes
     7440-25-7D, Tantalum, complexes 7440-26-8D, Technetium, complexes
     7440-31-5D, Tin, complexes
                                 7440-32-6D, Titanium, complexes
                          7440-45-1D, Cerium, complexes
                                                           7440-47-3D,
     Tungsten, complexes
    Chromium, complexes
                          7440-48-4D, Cobalt, complexes 7440-50-8D,
                         7440-53-1D, Europium, complexes
    Copper, complexes
                                                           7440-58-6D, Hafnium,
                 7440-62-2D, Vanadium, complexes
                                                  7440-64-4D, Ytterbium,
     complexes
     complexes
                7440-67-7D, Zirconium, complexes 7722-84-1, Hydrogen
    peroxide, biological studies
                                   11062-77-4, Superoxide
                                                             12713-07-4, Verdin
     14875-96-8, Heme
                       15489-90-4, Hematin 15710-60-8
                                                           16009-13-5, Hemin
     26183-20-0
                  26316-36-9
                               26444-09-7, Corrole
                                                     26660-92-4, Phlorin
     27121-71-7
                  30975-71-4
                               58576-14-0, Corphin
                                                     64479-33-0
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (peroxide-reactive metal-ion contg. compd. followed by peroxide for
        two-step treatment method for cancer and other diseases)
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The

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1996:590812 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     125:284915
ΤI
     Delivery of therapeutic agents to receptors using polysaccharides
     Groman, Ernest V.; Menz, Edward T.; Enriquez, Philip M.; Jung, Chu; Lewis,
IN
     Jerome M.; Josephson, Lee
PA
     Advanced Magnetics, Inc., USA
     U.S., 15 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5, 478, 576.
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     CODEN: USXXAM
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          A61K047-26
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          A61K031-56; A61K031-495; A61K031-70; A61K039-395; A61K033-26;
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     424488000
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1, 33
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ΑB
     This invention relates to a method of directing a therapeutic agent to
     selected cells, wherein a complex is formed between a polysaccharide
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capable of interacting with a cell receptor and a therapeutic agent.

resulting complex is administered to a subject, and permitted to be

internalized into the selected cells through a process known as receptor mediated endocytosis (RME). The polysaccharide may be, for example, arabinogalactan, gum arabic, mannan or hydrolysis products thereof; the therapeutic agent may be, for example, an antiviral agent, a nucleic acid, hormone, steroid, antibody, vitamins, enzymes, chemoprotective or radioprotective agent. The cell receptor may be for example, the asialoglycoprotein receptor or the mannose receptor. A colloidal iron oxide coated with arabinogalactan was prepd. to target iron to hepatocytes for treatment of iron deficiency anemia. The colloid was cleared by the asialoglycoprotein receptor of hepatocytes and injected iron was identified in the liver, and not in the spleen. drug delivery receptor polysaccharide Radioprotectants Virucides and Virustats (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Receptors RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Antibodies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Corticosteroids, biological studies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Estrogens RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Hormones RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Nucleic acids RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Polysaccharides, biological studies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Steroids, biological studies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Receptors RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (asialoglycoprotein, drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Sialoglycoprotein receptors RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (asialosialoglycoprotein, drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Biological transport (endocytosis, receptor-mediated, drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Liver (hepatocyte, drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) Receptors RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (mannose, drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) 7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (colloid contg.; drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) 61-19-8, Adenosine monophosphate, reactions 616-91-1, 41164-36-7, 3-0-(Carboxymethyl)estradiol N-Acetyl-L-cysteine RL: RCT (Reactant) (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides) 58-05-9, Folinic acid 59-05-2, Methotrexate 6923-42-8, 7705-08-0, Ferric chloride, biological studies 6-Methylprednisolone 7758-94-3, Ferrous chloride 9000-01-5, Gum arabic 9036-66-2, Arabinogalactan 9036-88-8, Mannan 29984-33-6, Ara-AMP

RL: RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

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(Uses)
        (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides)
IT
     58-05-9DP, Folinic acid, reaction products with polysaccharides
     59-05-2DP, Methotrexate, reaction products with polysaccharides
     61-19-8DP, Adenosine monophosphate, reaction products with amino gum
              67-43-6DP, Diethylene triaminepentaacetic acid, reaction products
     with polysaccharides and drugs 616-91-1DP, N-Acetyl-L-cysteine, reaction
                                      6923-42-8DP, 6-Methylprednisolone,
     products with amino gum arabic
     reaction products with polysaccharides 9000-01-5DP, Gum arabic, amine
                                             9036-66-2DP, Arabinogalactan,
     derivs., reaction products with drugs
                                           9036-88-8DP, Mannan, reaction
     reaction products with DTPA and drugs
     products with drugs
                           29984-33-6DP, Ara-AMP, reaction products with
                              41164-36-7DP, 3-O-(Carboxymethyl)estradiol,
     arabinogalactan deriv.
     reaction products with amino gum arabic
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides)
IT
     1332-37-2, Iron oxide, biological studies 9072-19-9, Fucoidan
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (drug delivery to receptors using polysaccharides)
L107 ANSWER 5 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN
     1996:494753 HCAPLUS
     125:151189
DN
     Therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection
ΤI
     treatment
     Hansen, Hans J.; Griffiths, Gary L.; Lentine-jones, Anastasia; Goldenberg,
ΙN
     David M.
PA
     Immunomedics, Inc., USA
     U.S., 7 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,328,679.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
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LA
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IC
     ICM C07K016-46
     ICS A61K039-395
NCL
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B2

19990830 19980929

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AB
    Conjugates useful in cancer or infectious disease therapy comprise a drug
     or modified toxin (a native toxin devoid of a functioning receptor-binding
     domain) and a protein which reacts with a substance assocd. with a
     targeted cell or pathogen. The targeted substance internalizes the
     conjugate into the cell cytoplasm, and the drug or toxin kills the cell.
     The protein prior to conjugation has .gtoreq.1 SH group which becomes a
     site for conjugation to the toxin or drug. Thus, the F(ab')2 fragment of
    murine anti-B cell lymphoma antibody LL-2 was conjugated with an activated
    PEG-peptide deriv. linker, and the product was reduced with DTT and
     reacted with an activated Pseudomonas exotoxin which was modified by
    removal of the Ia binding domain; the resulting therapeutic agent was
    purified by gel chromatog.
ST
     toxin immunoconjugate cancer infection therapy
ΙT
    Leukemia
        (antibodies to cells of, conjugates with drugs or toxins; therapeutic
        conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
IT
    Carcinoma
    Lymphoma
    Myeloma
    Protozoa
     Sarcoma
        (antibodies to, conjugates with drugs or toxins; therapeutic conjugates
        of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
IT
     Pseudomonas
        (exotoxin of, modified, conjugate with antibody; therapeutic conjugates
        of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
IT
    Toxins
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (receptor-binding domain-deficient, antibody conjugates; therapeutic
        conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
TΤ
    Linking agents
    Neoplasm inhibitors
        (therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection
        treatment)
IT
    Antibodies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (to protozoa or tumor-assocd. antigens, conjugates with drugs or
        toxins; therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and
        infection treatment)
ΙT
     Proteins, specific or class
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (PAP (pokeweed antiviral protein), conjugates, with antibody;
        therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection
        treatment)
IT
     Polysaccharides, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (conjugates, with antibody and drug or toxin; therapeutic conjugates of
        toxins and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
ΙT
    Abrins
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study); USES (Uses)

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Ricins
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (conjugates, with antibody; therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs
        for cancer and infection treatment)
    Toxins
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (diphtheria, conjugates, with antibody; therapeutic conjugates of
        toxins and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
ΙT
    Biological transport
        (endocytosis, therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and
        infection treatment)
    Toxins
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (exo-, conjugates, with antibody; therapeutic conjugates of toxins and
        drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
IΤ
    Sialoglycoproteins
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (qp120env, of HIV, recombinant monoclonal antibody to, Fab'
        fragment of, conjugate with puromycin; therapeutic conjugates of toxins
        and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
    Virus, animal
        (human immunodeficiency, infection with, treatment
        of; therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection
        treatment)
    Pharmaceutical dosage forms
        (immunoconjugates, therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for
        cancer and infection treatment)
    Neoplasm inhibitors
        (lymphoma, therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and
        infection treatment)
    Peptides, biological studies
    RL: RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (lysine-contg., linkers; therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for
       cancer and infection treatment)
    Alcohols, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polyhydric, conjugates, with antibody and drug or toxin; therapeutic
        conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
    Proteins, specific or class
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (saporins, conjugates, with antibody; therapeutic conjugates of toxins
       and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
ΙT
    Antiqens
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (tumor-assocd., antibodies to, conjugates with drugs or toxins;
        therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection
        treatment)
    Toxins
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (.alpha.-, conjugates, with antibody; therapeutic conjugates of toxins
        and drugs for cancer and infection treatment)
    75037-46-6, Gelonin
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (conjugates, with antibody; therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs
        for cancer and infection treatment)
    541-59-3, Maleimide
    RL: RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
```

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(linker; therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and
        infection treatment)
IT
     53-79-2D, Puromycin, immunoconjugates 66-81-9D, Cycloheximide,
     immunoconjugates
                        9001-99-4D, RNase, immunoconjugates
     Dextran, conjugates with antibody and drug or toxin 25322-68-3D, PEG,
     conjugates with antibody and drug or toxin
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (therapeutic conjugates of toxins and drugs for cancer and infection
        treatment)
L107 ANSWER 6 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1996:422386 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     125:76341
TI
     A method for identifying and using compounds that inactivate HIV
     -1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved
     zinc fingers in the viral nucleocapsid protein
IN
     Henderson, Louis E.; Arthur, Larry O.; Rice,
     William G.
PA
     United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
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     English
IC
     ICM C12Q001-18
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OS
     MARPAT 125:76341
     Several classes of compds. (disulfides, maleimides,
AB
     .alpha.-halogenated ketones, hydrazides, nitric oxide
     and NO-contg. derivs., cupric ions and complexes thereof, ferric ions and
     complexes thereof) are provided which can be used to inactivate
     retroviruses, e.g. HIV-1, by attacking the CCHC
     zinc fingers of the viral nucleocapsid protein and
     ejecting the zinc therefrom. In addn., kits for identifying
     compds. that can react with CCHC zinc fingers of the
     nucleocapsid proteins of a large no. of different retroviruses
     have also been developed. The kits of the present invention describe a
     set of specific tests and reagents that can be used to screen and identify
     compds. based on their ability to react with and disrupt
     retroviral zinc fingers in the viral NC
     proteins and, in turn, inactivate the retrovirus of interest.
     The effect of e.g. disulfides on HIV-1 is included.
ST
     retrovirus nucleocapsid protein zinc finger
     inactivation; HIV1 nucleocapsid protein zinc finger
     inactivation
ΤТ
     Fluorometry
     Nuclear magnetic resonance
        (detection of zinc dissocn. from zinc
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finger in relation to identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Electrophoresis and Ionophoresis (gel mobility shift; detection of zinc dissocn. from zinc finger in relation to identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Electron acceptors Virucides and Virustats (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Disulfides Hydrazides RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Proteins, specific or class RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (nucleocapsid pl1; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Proteins, specific or class RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (NC(p7) (nucleocapsid, p7), identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Nucleotides, biological studies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (analogs, identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV -1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein, and use with addnl. nucleotide analog) Electrophoresis and Ionophoresis (capillary, detection of zinc dissocn. from zinc finger in relation to identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Virus, animal (equine infectious anemia, identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Ketones, biological studies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (halo, identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Chromatography, column and liquid (high-performance, detection of zinc dissocn. from zinc finger in relation to identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein) Virus, animal

(human immunodeficiency 1, identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral

nucleocapsid protein)

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ΙT
     Immunoassay
        (immunoblotting, detection of zinc dissocn. from zinc
        finger in relation to identification and use of compds.
        inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by
        attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral
        nucleocapsid protein)
    Virus, animal
IT
        (lenti-, identification and use of compds. inactivating
        HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly
        conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid
        protein)
     Proteins, specific or class
ΙT
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (nucleocapsid, identification and use of compds. inactivating
        HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly
        conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid
       protein)
    Virus, animal
IT
        (oncogenic, identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV
        -1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved
        zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein)
ΙT
        (retro-, identification and use of compds. inactivating
       HIV-1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly
        conserved zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid
       protein)
IT
    Conformation and Conformers
        (zinc-finger motif, identification and use of
        compds. inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses
       by attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral
        nucleocapsid protein)
     7440-50-8, Copper, biological studies 7440-50-8D,
IT
    Copper, complexes
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cupric ion; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV
        -1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved
        zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein)
     13982-39-3, Zinc-65, biological studies
IT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (detection of zinc dissocn. from zinc
        finger in relation to identification and use of compds.
        inactivating HIV-1 and other retroviruses by
        attacking highly conserved zinc fingers in viral
        nucleocapsid protein)
TT
     7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies 7439-89-6D, Iron,
     complexes
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (ferric ion; identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV
        -1 and other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved
        zinc fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein)
TT
     67-16-3, Thiamine disulfide 69-78-3 94-37-1,
     Dicyclopentamethylenethiuram disulfide 97-77-8,
    Tetraethylthiuram disulfide 100-32-3
                                            108-25-8 120-78-5
     128-53-0, N-Ethylmaleimide 137-26-8, Tetramethylthiuram
     disulfide 502-55-6, O,O-Diethyldithiobis(thioformate)
     537-91-7, Bis 3-Nitrophenyl disulfide 589-32-2
     644-32-6, Benzoyl disulfide 1119-62-6,
     3,3-Dithiobispropionic acid 1141-88-4 1634-02-2,
     Tetrabutylthiuram disulfide 2127-03-9, Aldrithiol-2
     2461-75-8 2645-22-9, Aldrithiol-4 2889-13-6
     3696-28-4 3808-87-5, Bis 2,4,5-Trichlorophenyl disulfide
     4136-91-8, Tetraisopropylthiuram disulfide 4490-97-5
     5397-29-5
                 5428-99-9
                             7447-39-4, Cupric chloride, biological
     studies 14193-38-5, trans-1,2-Dithiane-4,5-diol
     14370-67-3, p-Tolyl disulfoxide 14807-75-1, Formamidine
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disulfide dihydrochloride 15658-35-2 16766-09-9
    20201-05-2, Bis 2-Chloro-5-nitrophenyl disulfide
    24696-61-5, 2,4-Dinitrophenyl p-tolyl disulfide 29124-55-8
    29581-98-4 33174-74-2, 2,2-Dithiobis(benzonitrile)
    35964-48-8 38262-57-6 40897-56-1 61747-35-1
     66546-28-9 72687-29-7
                          144189-66-2, 3-Nitrosobenzamide
    178487-70-2
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and
       other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc
       fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein)
    7440-66-6, Zinc, biological studies
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and
       other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc
       fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein)
    541-59-3D, Maleimide, derivs. 10102-43-9,
    Nitric oxide, biological studies 10102-43-9D,
    Nitric oxide, derivs.
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and
       other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc
       fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein)
    30516-87-1, AZT
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (identification and use of compds. inactivating HIV-1 and
       other retroviruses by attacking highly conserved zinc
       fingers in viral nucleocapsid protein, and use with addnl.
       nucleotide analog)
L107 ANSWER 7 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    1996:323209 HCAPLUS
    125:1364
    Inhibition of virus by nitric oxide
    Stamler, Jonathan; Mannick, Joan
    Brigham and Women's Hospital, USA
    PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
    Patent
    English
    ICM A61K038-00
    1-5 (Pharmacology)
    Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
                 KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
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                          _____
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    WO 9602268
                    A1 19960201
                                        WO 1995-US8763 19950713 <--
        W: AU, CA, JP
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                A1 19960216 AU 1995-29705 19950713 <--
    AU 9529705
PRAI US 1994-276057
                           19940715 <--
    WO 1995-US8763
                           19950713
    MARPAT 125:1364
    A method for inhibiting the replication of a virus involves exposing the
    virus to nitric oxide or a nitric
    oxide-releasing, -delivering or -transferring substance,
    particularly administering a virus replication-inhibitory amt. of
    nitric oxide or a nitric oxide
    -releasing substance to an individual having a virus infection. A method
    for preventing or reversing latency in a virus involves exposing the
    latent virus to a nitric oxide synthase inhibitor. A
    method for the treatment of a latent virus infection in an individual
    involves administering (i) a virus latency-preventing or -reversing amt.
    of a nitric oxide synthase inhibitor sufficient to
    render the virus replicative and then (ii) a virus replication-inhibitory
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amt. of nitric oxide or a nitric
     oxide-releasing substance and a compn. of (i) and (ii) for such
     treatment, (iii) a prophylactic amt. of NO(ii) to prevent latent virus
     from becoming replicative.
    nitric oxide virus inhibition; synthase nitric
ST
    oxide inhibitor virus latency
ΙT
    Amino acids, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (S-nitroso; inhibition of virus by nitric oxide
        species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and
       method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
IT
     Proteins, specific or class, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (S-nitrosylated; inhibition of virus by nitric oxide
        species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and
        method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
ΙT
    Nitrates, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (and thionitrates; inhibition of virus by nitric
        oxide species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a
        virus, and method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
ΙT
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
       Virucides and Virustats
        (inhibition of virus by nitric oxide species,
        method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and method for
        the treatment of a latent virus infection)
IT
    Nitroso compounds
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (inhibition of virus by nitric oxide species,
       method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and method for
        the treatment of a latent virus infection)
IT
    Apoptosis
        (nitric oxide for apoptosis prevention)
ΙT
    Lymphocyte
        (nitric oxide for apoptosis prevention in
        lymphocytes)
IT
    Metals, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitroso-metal compds.; inhibition of virus by nitric
        oxide species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a
        virus, and method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
IT
    Lymphocyte
        (B-cell, nitric oxide for apoptosis prevention in
        lymphocytes)
IT
    Virus, animal
        (Epstein-Barr, inhibition of virus by nitric oxide
        species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and
       method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
TΤ
    Amines
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (N-nitroso, and N-oxo-N-nitrosoamines; inhibition of virus by
       nitric oxide species, method for preventing or
        reversing latency in a virus, and method for the treatment of a latent
        virus infection)
IT
    Thiols, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (S-nitroso, inhibition of virus by nitric oxide
        species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and
       method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
TT
    Virus, animal
        (cytomegalo-, inhibition of virus by nitric oxide
        species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and
       method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
TΤ
    Virus, animal
        (herpes, inhibition of virus by nitric oxide
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species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and

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method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
ΙT
     Leukocyte
        (mononuclear, mononuclear cell-produced nitric oxide
        inhibition of Epstein-Barr virus replication)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (varicella-zoster, inhibition of virus by nitric
        oxide species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a
        virus, and method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
ΙT
     9015-82-1, Angiotensin-converting enzyme
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (S-nitroso inhibitors; inhibition of virus by nitric
        oxide species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a
        virus, and method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
IT
     7665-99-8, Cyclic GMP
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (cGMP role in relation to nitric oxide inhibition
        of Epstein-Barr virus replication and apoptosis)
     14402-89-2, Sodium nitroprusside
                                       17035-90-4, NG-Monomethyl-L-arginine
TT
     73466-15-6, S-Nitrosopenicillamine
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (inhibition of virus by nitric oxide species,
        method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and method for
        the treatment of a latent virus infection)
ΙT
     59-05-2, Methotrexate
                            61-73-4, Methylene blue
                                                      70-26-8, Ornithine
     70-26-8D, Ornithine, derivs.
                                   244-54-2, Diphenylene iodonium
     Diphenylene iodonium, derivs. 2149-70-4, Nitroarginine
     10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies
     50903-99-6, N-Nitro-L-arginine methyl ester
                                                   88871-35-6
                                                                130770-26-2
     130770-27-3
                  130770-29-5
                                 130770-32-0
                                              130770-33-1
                                                             130770-36-4
     130770-37-5
                  130770-39-7
                                130770-41-1
                                              130770-42-2
                                                             130812-24-7
     176798-46-2
                  176798-49-5
                               176977-65-4
                                              176977-67-6
                                                             176977-68-7
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (inhibition of virus by nitric oxide species,
        method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and method for
        the treatment of a latent virus infection)
ΙT
     125978-95-2, Nitric oxide synthase
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (inhibitors; inhibition of virus by nitric oxide
        species, method for preventing or reversing latency in a virus, and
        method for the treatment of a latent virus infection)
L107 ANSWER 8 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1996:301304 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     124:307568
ΤI
     Bio-assimilable boron compounds for treatment of viroid infections in
     animals and plants
IN
     Bengsch, Eberhard; Kettrup, Antonius; Polster, Juergen
PA
     GSF - Forschungszentrum fuer Umwelt und Gesundheit Gmbh, Germany
SO
     Ger., 9 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXAW
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
TC
     ICM A61K033-22
     ICS A61K031-69; C12N007-02
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 5
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
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ΡI
                      C1
                           19960404
                                          DE 1994-4441483 19941122 <--
     DE 4441483
     WO 9615798
                     A2
                           19960530
                                          WO 1995-EP4494 19951115 <--
     WO 9615798
                     A3 19960808
         W: AU, CA, CN, JP, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
     AU 9641171
                      A1 19960617
                                         AU 1996-41171 19951115 <--
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AU 716511
                      B2
                           20000224
    EP 797445
                      Α2
                          19971001
                                         EP 1995-939285
                                                          19951115 <--
           CH, DE, DK, FR, GB, NL, SE
    CN 1173135
                           19980211
                     Α
                                         CN 1995-197433
                                                          19951115 <--
    JP 10509161
                     Т2
                           19980908
                                         JP 1995-516536
                                                          19951115 <--
    US 6133198
                           20001017
                                         US 1998-215764
                     Α
                                                         19981219 <--
PRAI DE 1994-4441483 A
                           19941122 <--
    WO 1995-EP4494
                     W
                           19951115
    US 1997-859733
                      вз
                         19970521
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Assimilable B compds. are effective in treatment of subacute, AB degenerative, noninflammatory diseases of the central nervous system in humans and other vertebrates caused by infection with subviral particles (e.g. Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, scrapie), as well as in protection of plants from diseases induced by viroids (e.g. potato spindle tuber viroid). Evidence for the effectiveness of B compds. in animals is epidemiol.: geog. areas free of scrapie and bovine spongiform encephalitis are characterized by extremely high B levels in soil and plants. Tomato plants infected with potato spindle tuber viroid and treated with boric acid or borax were protected from the degenerative manifestations of the viroid disease. The treated, viroid-infected plants produced more biomass and fruits than control plants treated with B, and showed a 5-fold higher viroid concn. than infected plants not treated with B, but without development of disease symptoms. Bioavailable Si compds. are antidotes to the phytotoxicity of high B concns. B may be administered to animals in the form of exts. from B-rich plants; Cu compds. are antidotes to excessive B administration in animals.

ST boron compd viroid infection animal plant

IT Viroid

Virucides and Virustats

(bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants)

IT Plant

(exts., boron compds. in; bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants)

IT Tomato

(infection with potato spindle tuber viroid, treatment of; bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants)

IT Fertilizer experiment

(with boron compds., on tomato, viroid effect on)

IT Nervous system

(central, disease, infection, with viroid; bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants)

IT Viroid

(potato spindle tuber, tomato infection with, treatment of; bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants)

IT Plant disease

(viroid, bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants)

IT 7440-21-3D, Silicon, compds.

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antidotes to boron; bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants)

IT 7440-50-8D, Copper, compds.

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antidotes to boron; bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants)

IT 7440-42-8D, Boron, compds.

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants)

IT 1303-96-4, Borax 10043-35-3, Boric acid, biological studies RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU

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(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (fertilizer expt. with, viroid effect on; bio-assimilable boron compds. for treatment of viroid infections in animals and plants) L107 ANSWER 9 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS 1996:128017 HCAPLUS 124:194289 Cage compounds, their preparation and use as antiviral agents Marcuccio, Sebastian Mario; Turner, Kathleen Anne; Holan, George; Osvath, Peter; Sargeson, Alan Mcleod; Weigold, Helmut; Geue, Rodney Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research, Australia PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent English ICM A61K031-555 ICS C07D487-08; C07D495-08; C07D513-08 1-5 (Pharmacology) Section cross-reference(s): 28, 63 FAN.CNT 1 KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ ____ -----______ 19951123 WO 9531202 Α1 WO 1995-AU283 19950517 <--AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 9524397 19951205 AU 1995-24397 A1 19950517 <--ZA 9504017 ZA 1995-4017 Α 19960117 19950517 <--PRAI AU 1994-5656 19940517 <--AU 1994-5720 19940519 <--WO 1995-AU283 19950517 CASREACT 124:194289; MARPAT 124:194289 For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. A method of treatment and/or prophylaxis of a viral infection comprises administration of a cage compd. [I; M = metal capable of forming hexacoordinate complexes; p = 1-6; m, n = 0, 1; A1-A6 = NH, N, O, S; R1, R2 = H, halo, NO2, CN, (substituted) alkyl, OH, (substituted) alkoxy, (substituted) amino, etc.; other positions may be variously substituted]. I are prepd. by reacting a metal complex having .gtoreq.3 terminal NH2 groups with HCHO, a base, and a nucleophile optionally contg. a functional group which may react with any coordinated amine also present on the metal complex, leading to encapsulation and formation of a cage mol. Thus, Co complex II [X = Me; Y = (C8H17)2N(CH2)2NH] showed an ED50 of 0.53 .mu.M against HIV-1 in MT-4 cells in vitro, and 3 .mu.M against duck hepatitis B virus in primary duck hepatocyte cultures. The compds. were nontoxic to mice at .ltoreq.50 mg/kg. [Co(sen)].Cl3 [sen = 5-(4-amino-2-azabutyl)-5-methyl-3,7-diazanonane-1,9-diamine] reacted with paraformaldehyde and n-butanal in MeCN in the presence of NaClO4 to form II (X = Me; Y = Et). Controlled-release tablets were prepd. by wet granulation of active ingredient 500, hydroxypropylmethylcellulose 112, lactose 53, and povidone 28 mg, followed by addn. of 7 mg Mg stearate and compression. cage compd prepn virucide; metal cage complex virucide Encephalitis (-arthritis, in dog, virus-induced; cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents) Acquired immune deficiency syndrome Dengue Veterinary medicine Virucides and Virustats Yellow fever (cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)

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IT
     Nucleophiles
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
IT
    Alkali metals, biological studies
    Alkaline earth metals
     Transition metals, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (clathrates; cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
     Duck
        (hepatitis in; cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
     Felis catus
        (virus-induced arthritis in; cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral
       agents)
IT
     Canis familiaris
        (virus-induced arthritis/encephalitis in; cage compds.: prepn. and use
       as antiviral agents)
IT
     Hepatitis
        (B, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
IT
     Hepatitis
        (C, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
    Group VIII element compounds
TT
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (Group 9, complexes, clathrates; cage compds.: prepn. and use as
       antiviral agents)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (Japanese encephalitis, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral
       agents)
IT
    Neoplasm inhibitors
        (adult, T-cell leukemia, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral
       agents)
TΤ
     Inflammation inhibitors
        (antiarthritics, for virus-induced canine arthritis/encephalitis and
        feline arthritis; cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
    Cyclic compounds
    Heterocyclic compounds
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (cage, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
     Inclusion compounds
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (clathrates, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
IT
    Virus, animal
        (cytomegalo-, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
    Virus, animal
        (flavi-, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (hepadna, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
        (herpes, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
        (herpes simplex 2, herpes genitalis from, cage compds.: prepn. and use
        as antiviral agents)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
        (herpes simplex, herpes simplex labialis from, cage compds.: prepn. and
        use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
    Mononucleosis
        (infectious, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
IT
    Hepatitis
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(non-A, non-B, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)

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TΥ
     Amines, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (poly-, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (retro-, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
IT
     Amines, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (tri-, cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
        (varicella-zoster, herpes zoster from, cage compds.: prepn. and use as
        antiviral agents)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
        (varicella-zoster, varicella from, cage compds.: prepn. and use as
        antiviral agents)
IT
     85663-94-1P
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
     effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
ΙT
     85663-96-3
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant);
     THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
TΤ
     173781-88-9P
                    173781-93-6P
                                    173781-94-7P
                                                   173782-15-5P
                                                                   173782-16-6P
     173782-21-3P
                    173782-34-8P
                                    173782-42-8P
                                                   173782-43-9P
                                                                   173782-47-3P
     173782-50-8P
                    173782-51-9P
                                    173935-93-8P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
IT
     7439-88-5D, Iridium, clathrates 7439-89-6D, Iron, clathrates
     7439-93-2D, Lithium, clathrates
                                        7439-95-4D, Magnesium, clathrates
     7439-96-5D, Manganese, clathrates
                                          7439-97-6D, Mercury, clathrates
                                       7440-06-4D, Platinum, clathrates
     7440-02-0D, Nickel, clathrates
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     7440-18-8D, Ruthenium, clathrates
                                       7440-32-6D, Titanium, clathrates
     7440-23-5D, Sodium, clathrates
                                       7440-47-3D, Chromium, clathrates
     7440-43-9D, Cadmium, clathrates
     7440-48-4D, Cobalt, clathrates 7440-50-8D, Copper, clathrates
     7440-62-2D, Vanadium, clathrates
                                         7440-66-6D, Zinc, clathrates
                                       71935-78-9
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     7440-74-6D, Indium, clathrates
                                                    85664-04-6
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                  85664-07-9
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                                  173936-04-4
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                                  173936-09-9
                                                173936-10-2
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                   173936-13-5
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     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
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(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
IT
     50-00-0, Formaldehyde, reactions 123-72-8, n-Butanal
                                                            7084-11-9,
     1-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride 13408-73-6
     30525-89-4, Paraformaldehyde 82796-46-1 174172-01-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (cage compds.: prepn. and use as antiviral agents)
L107 ANSWER 10 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    1995:884218 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
    124:135681
ΤI
    Anti-HIV drugs
IN
    Shoji, Shozo; Tachibana, Kuniomi
PA
    Nissui Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
    Japanese
IC
    ICM A61K031-505
    1-5 (Pharmacology)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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    WO 9520388
                     A1
                           19950803
                                         WO 1995-JP85
                                                          19950125 <--
        W: CA, JP, KR, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                                     CA 1995-2180732 19950125 <--
    CA 2180732
                     AA
                           19950803
    EP 830862
                      Α1
                           19980325
                                          EP 1995-906519
                                                         19950125 <--
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE
    US 5886000
                     Α
                           19990323
                                          US 1996-676224 19960723 <--
PRAI JP 1994-7160
                           19940126
                                     <--
    JP 1994-173042
                           19940726
                                    <--
    WO 1995-JP85
                           19950125
OS
    MARPAT 124:135681
```

GΙ

Me Me
$$CH_2N(CHO)C=C H_2CCH_2OX^2$$
 II

- AB An anti-HIV drug, anti-HIV activity synergist, and
 AIDS preventive and remedy, each contg. as the active ingredient a
 vitamin Bl deriv. (I or II) such as thiamin disulfide, bisbentiamine,
 bisbutythiamin, bisibutiamine, alitiamin, fursultiamine or octotiamine, or
 a salt thereof. These drugs can be formulated into any dosage forms and
 are useful for preventing and treating AIDS, because they have
 the effect of inhibiting the growth of HIV on early infected
 cells without killing the cells and both of the cytocidal and HIV
 -killing effects on the cells that have come to produce HIV
 continuously.
- ST HIV virucide vitamin B1 deriv

```
ΙT
    Virucides and Virustats
        (vitamin B1 derivs. as anti-HIV drugs)
IT
    Virus, animal
        (human immunodeficiency 1, vitamin B1 derivs. as
        anti-HIV drugs)
IT
     59-43-8D, Vitamin B1, derivs. 67-16-3, Thiamin disulfide
     137-86-0, Octotiamine 554-44-9, Allithiamine 804-30-8, Fursultiamine
     2667-89-2, Bisbentiamine
                              3286-45-1, Bisbutythiamine
     Bisibutiamine
                    69432-07-1 109125-52-2
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vitamin B1 derivs. as anti-HIV drugs)
L107 ANSWER 11 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1995:630120 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     123:17876
DN
     Encapsulated and non-encapsulated nitric oxide
ΤI
     generators used as antimicrobial agents
ΙN
     Green, Shawn J.; Keefer, Larry K.
     Entremed, Inc., USA; United States Dept. of Health and Human Services
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K009-127
         A61K031-04; A61K031-13; A61K031-18; A61K031-20; A61K031-21;
         A61K031-28; A61K031-30; A61K031-33; A61K031-40; A61K031-44;
         A61K031-135; A61K031-195; A61K031-445; A61K031-495; A61K31 -535;
         A61K31 -655
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 3
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                         -----
                     A1 19950413
ΡI
    WO 9509612
                                         WO 1994-US11441 19941007 <--
        W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI,
            GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG,
            MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA,
            UZ, VN
        RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,
            MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN,
            TD, TG
    AU 9479722
                           19950501
                                          AU 1994-79722 19941007 <--
                      A1
PRAI US 1993-133601
                           19931007 <--
                     A
    WO 1994-US11441
                      W
                           19941007 <--
OS
    MARPAT 123:17876
AΒ
    This invention relates to compns. capable of releasing nitric
    oxide and therapeutic methods of use thereof for the treatment of
    microorganism-related disease states. The compn. comprises one or more
    nitric oxide generators, preferably encapsulated in
    vesicles, such as liposomes. The compns. are used therapeutically by
    administration to humans and animals via different routes for the
    treatment of infectious diseases cause by pathogenic microbes. For
    example, lactide-glycolide copolymer was treated with
     [NH2(CH2)2]2N(NO)(NO)H to obtain a polymer-bound NO/nucleophile adduct.
    The adduct was encapsulated in a liposome and its antimicrobial effects
    against Candida albicans, Francisella tularensis, and Leishmania major
    were in vitro tested.
ST
    antiinfective nitric oxide nucleophile adduct
ΙT
    Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
    Fungicides and Fungistats
    Parasiticides
      Virucides and Virustats
        (nitric oxide-releasing compds. as anti-infective
       agents)
IT
    Pharmaceutical dosage forms
        (injections, nitric oxide-releasing compds. as
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anti-infective agents)
IT
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
        (liposomes, nitric oxide-releasing compds. as
        anti-infective agents)
TΤ
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
        (sprays, nitric oxide-releasing compds. as
        anti-infective agents)
IT
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
        (topical, nitric oxide-releasing compds. as
        anti-infective agents)
IT
     111-40-0DP, Bis(2-aminoethyl)amine, reaction products with nitric
     oxide and glycolide-lactide copolymer 9002-98-6DP, reaction
     products with nitric oxide 9080-67-5DP,
     Chloromethylstyrene homopolymer, reaction products with propanediamine and
     nitric oxide 10102-43-9DP, Nitric
     oxide, reaction products with aminopolystyrene
                                                     23764-31-0DP,
     n-Propyl 1,3-propanediamine, reaction products with chloromethylstyrene
     polymer and nitric oxide
                              26780-50-7DP,
     Glycolide-lactide copolymer, reaction products with bis(aminoethyl)amine-
     nitric oxide adduct
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (nitric oxide-releasing compds. as anti-infective
        agents)
IT
     13826-64-7
                  89603-57-6
                             136587-13-8
                                            138475-09-9
                                                          146672-58-4
     146724-94-9
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     164013-71-2
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitric oxide-releasing compds. as anti-infective
        agents)
L107 ANSWER 12 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1995:367744 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     122:142577
TI
     Pharmaceutical composition for treatment of AIDS
ΙN
     Pelletier, Jacques
PΑ
     Fr.
SO
     Fr. Demande, 4 pp.
     CODEN: FRXXBL
DT
     Patent
LA
     French
IC
     ICM A61K035-78
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                           -----
ΡI
     FR 2706307
                          19941223
                                         FR 1993-7669
                      Α1
                                                          19930618 <--
     A pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS contains a mixt.
AB
     of essential oils, an antibiotic, e.g. allicin, a tincture, e.g. arsenicum
     album, medicinal plants, e.g. roses, and trace elements, e.g. Mg ( no
ST
     pharmaceutical compn AIDS treatment
ΙT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (andropogon citratus; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
       AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cedrus atlantica; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS
ΙT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (centella asiatica; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS
        )
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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(citrus aurantium; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS
ΙT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (citrus limon; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (coriandrum sativum; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
       AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (eugenia caryophylla; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
       AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (humulus lupulus; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS
        )
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (juniperus communis; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
       AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (matricaria chamomilla; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
       AIDS)
IT
    Acquired immune deficiency syndrome
        (pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
    Antibiotics
     Essential oils
     Trace elements, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pinus sibirica; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     Birch
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (roots; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (verbena triphylla; pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS
        )
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Thuja occidentalis, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
       AIDS)
TΤ
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (basil, Ocimum basilicum, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
       AIDS)
TT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cajuput, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (eucalyptus, E. globulus, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
       AIDS)
    Essential oils
IT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (lemon balm, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
TΤ
     Plant
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (medicinal, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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(onion, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
TΤ
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (peppermint, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
TΤ
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pot marjoram, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (rosemary, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (sandalwood, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     Essential oils
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (savory, Satureja hortensis, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
        AIDS)
     Essential oils
IT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (savory, Satureja montana, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
        AIDS)
     Essential oils
IT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (thyme, Thymus vulgaris, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of
        AIDS)
TΤ
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (tinctures, pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
IT
     523-80-8, Apiol
                      539-86-6, Allicin
                                          1327-53-3, Arsenicum album
                                                7440-22-4, Silver, biological
     7439-95-4, Magnesium, biological studies
     studies 7440-50-8, Copper, biological studies
                                                     7440-56-4,
                                     7440-57-5, Gold, biological studies
     Germanium, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pharmaceutical compn. for treatment of AIDS)
L107 ANSWER 13 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1995:362583 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     122:115023
TI
     Dried hydrogel from hydrophilic-hygroscopic polymer
     Mcanalley, Bill H.; Boyd, Stephen; Carpenter, Robert H.; Hall, John E.;
IN
     St. John, Judith; Moore, D. Eric; Weidenbach, Annita; Yates, Kenneth M.
PA
     Carrington Laboratories, Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     ICM A61L025-00
TC
     ICS A61L015-28; A61L015-60
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
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                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                                           19940622 <--
PΙ
     WO 9500184
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             RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, UZ, VN
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 5409703
                       Α
                            19950425
                                           US 1993-82028
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                            19950105
                                           CA 1994-2164624
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                            19960410
                                           EP 1994-920306
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                                           CN 1994-192541
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     JP 08511964
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                            19961217
                                            JP 1994-503077
                                                             19940622 <--
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19930624

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PRAI US 1993-82028

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WO 1994-US7066
                            19940622 <--
     A therapeutic medical device is described that is comprised of a dried
AΒ
     hydrogel of a hydrophilic-hygroscopic polymer, such as an unmodified or
     modified polymeric carbohydrate, in the form of a solid form. The dried
     hydrogenl is prepd. by preferably freeze-drying a hydrogel of this polymer
     in a liq. medium, such as water. The dried hydrogel can be sterilized by
     radiation or other means so that the sterilized product has a relatively
     indefinite shelf-life without refrigeration. The resultant dried hydrogel
     can be transformed into a hydrogel upon absorption of addnl. lig. medium.
     The described therapeutic device can serve as a dressing for a wound or
     lesion, drug delivery system, a hemostatic agent and a biol. response
     modifier. The described therapeutic device enhances the wound healing
     rate.
     hydrogel wound healing
ST
IΤ
     Antihistaminics
     Fungicides and Fungistats
     Hemostatics
     Microorganism
     Neoplasm inhibitors
     Vaccines
       Virucides and Virustats
     Wound healing promoters
        (dried hydrogel from hydrophilic-hygroscopic polymer for wound healing)
TT
    Animal growth regulators
     Antibiotics
     Polysaccharides, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (dried hydrogel from hydrophilic-hygroscopic polymer for wound healing)
IΤ
    Medical goods
        (dressings, dried hydrogel from hydrophilic-hygroscopic polymer for
       wound healing)
                             79-57-2, Oxytetracycline
TT
     60-54-8, Tetracycline
                                                        99-76-3, Methylparaben
     121-54-0, Benzethonium chloride 1403-66-3, Gentamycin 7439-89-6
     , Iron, biological studies 7439-96-5, Manganese, biological studies
     7440-48-4, Cobalt, biological studies 7440-66-6, Zinc, biological
               9000-30-0, Guar gum
                                     9003-39-8, Plasdone
                                                           9004-62-0,
     Hydroxyethyl cellulose
                              9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies
     9012-72-0, D-Glucan 37220-17-0, Konjac mannan
                                                       110042-95-0, Acemannan
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (dried hydrogel from hydrophilic-hygroscopic polymer for wound healing)
L107 ANSWER 14 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN
     1995:347104 HCAPLUS
DN
     122:256396
ΤI
     Stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as therapeutic agents
TN
     Pallenberg, Alexander J.; Branca, Andrew; Marschner, Thomas M.; Patt,
     Leonard M.
PΑ
     Procyte Corp., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-30
     ICS A61K031-44; A61K031-47
     1-4 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 29, 62
FAN.CNT 1
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                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
     WO 9427594
                            19941208
                                           WO 1994-US6247
                      Α2
                                                            19940602 <--
     WO 9427594
                            19950427
            AD, BB, BG, BR, BI, CA, CN, CZ, FI, GE, HU, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
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             UA, UZ, VN
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,
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BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

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     ZA 9409336
                       Α
                            19950808
                                           ZA 1994-9336
                                                            19941124 <--
PRAI US 1993-71440
                            19930602 <--
    WO 1994-US6247
                            19940602 <--
     Stable copper(I) complexes useful as therapeutic agents comprise a
AΒ
     copper(I) ion complexed by a multi-dentate ligand which favors the +1
     oxidn. state for copper. The stable copper(I) complexes of the invention
     are useful as wound healing agents, anti-oxidative agents,
     anti-inflammatory agents, lipid modulating agents, signal transduction
    modulating agents, hair growth agents, and anti-viral agents. Exemplary
     stable copper(I) complexes include neocuproine copper(I) and bathocuproine
     disulfonic acid copper(I). The synthesis of neocuproine copper(I) complex
     synthesis is given.
ST
     copper I complex therapeutic agent; neocuproine copper complex therapeutic
     agent; bathocuproine copper complex therapeutic agent
ΙT
    Lipids, biological studies
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (metab. modulating agents; stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate
        ligands as therapeutic agents)
ΙT
     Signal transduction, biological
        (modulating agents; stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate
        ligands as therapeutic agents)
    Antioxidants
IT
     Inflammation inhibitors
       Virucides and Virustats
    Wound healing
        (stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as therapeutic
        agents)
IT
    Virus, animal
        (Epstein-Barr, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as
        therapeutic agents)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
        (cytomegalo-, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as
        therapeutic agents)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (encephalomyocarditis, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate
        ligands as therapeutic agents)
IΤ
     Hair preparations
        (growth stimulants, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate
        ligands as therapeutic agents)
ΙT
    Virus, animal
        (hepatitis, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as
        therapeutic agents)
TT
    Virus, animal
        (human T-cell leukemia
        type I, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate
        ligands as therapeutic agents)
TT
    Virus, animal
        (human T-cell leukemia
        type II, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate
        ligands as therapeutic agents)
ТТ
     Virus, animal
        (human herpes, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as
        therapeutic agents)
IΤ
    Virus, animal
        (human immunodeficiency, stable copper(I) complexes
        with multidentate ligands as therapeutic agents)
     Virus, animal
ΙT
        (rhino-, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as
        therapeutic agents)
IT
     Virus, animal
```

(rubella, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as

```
therapeutic agents)
TΤ
    Virus, animal
        (varicella-zoster, stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands
        as therapeutic agents)
TΤ
     141436-78-4, Protein kinase C
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (inhibitors; stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as
        therapeutic agents)
    88475-40-5P
                   108348-22-7P
TΤ
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as therapeutic
        agents)
TT
     7440-50-8D, Copper, complexes with bathocuproine disulfonate
     47823-58-5
                  73348-75-1D, complexes with copper
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (stable copper(I) complexes with multidentate ligands as therapeutic
        agents)
L107 ANSWER 15 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
ΑN
     1995:262708 HCAPLUS
DN
     122:45789
ΤI
     Thiamine disulfide as a potent inhibitor of human immunodeficiency virus
     (type-1) production
     Shoji, Shozo; Furuishi, Kazuchika; Misumi, Shogo; Miyazaki, Tsuyoshi;
ΑU
    Kino, Masayasu; Yamataka, Kazunobu
     Fac. Pharmaceutical Sci., Kumamoto Univ., Kumamoto, 862, Japan
CS
    Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (1994), 205(1), 967-75
SO
    CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X
DT
    Journal
LA
    English
CC
    1-5 (Pharmacology)
    Thiol and disulfide compds. were tested as an anti-HIV drug
AB
    against transactivator (Tat)-mediated transactivation of HIV-1.
    Of all the compds. tested, thiamine disulfide, .alpha.-lipoic acid, and
    N-acetylcysteine significantly depressed HIV-1 Tat activity.
    Thiamine disulfide alone in these compds. possessing anti-HIV
    -Tat activity markedly inhibited prodn. of progeny HIV-1 in
    acute and chronic HIV-1-infected CEM at nontoxic concns. of
     500.apprx.1000 .mu.M. Thiamine disulfide (500 .mu.M) blocked 99.7% of
    HIV-1 prodn. after 96 h culture in acute HIV-1 (LAV-1)
     infection (m.o.i. = 0.002), whereas it inhibited 90.apprx.98% of
    HIV-1 prodn. in chronic-infected cells (CEM/LAV-1, H9/MN, and
    Molt-4/IIIB). The results suggest that thiamine disulfide may be
     important for AIDS chemotherapy.
ST
    AIDS thiamine disulfide HIV1; thiol disulfide antiviral
    AIDS
IT
    Acquired immune deficiency syndrome
       Virucides and Virustats
        (thiamine disulfide as HIV-1 inhibitor for AIDS
        therapy)
IT
    Virus, animal
        (human immunodeficiency 1, thiamine disulfide as
        HIV-1 inhibitor for AIDS therapy)
IT
     67-16-3, Thiamine disulfide
                                   616-91-1, N-Acetylcysteine
     1200-22-2, .alpha.-Lipoic acid
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); {f THU}
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (thiamine disulfide as HIV-1 inhibitor for AIDS
        therapy)
L107 ANSWER 16 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
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ΑN

DN

1995:240029 HCAPLUS

122:38833

```
TΙ
    Superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis, immunity enhancement,
    and tumor treatment
IN
    Pilgrimm, Herbert
PΑ
    Silica Gel Ges.m.b.H., Germany
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    English
    ICM A61K009-50
IC
         A61K049-00
    ICS
CC
    63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 3
    PATENT NO.
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                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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    JP 08508721 T2
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PRAI DE 1993-4309333
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                           19940317
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AB
    New superparamagnetic particles useful in medicine for destroying tumors,
    increasing immunity, and diagnosing conditions are disclosed. Very small
    superparamagnetic single-domain particles are aggregated and protected
    against further aggregation by chem. bonding of a reactive stabilizer on
    the surface of the superparamagnetic particles. These particles thus
    consist of stable, decomposable aggregates with particle size 10-1000 nm
    and a defined behavior in a magnetic field. The aggregates consist of
    several small superparamagnetic single-domain particles of Fe oxide, Fe
    mixed oxide, or Fe (particle size 3-20 nm) bearing on their surface chem.
    bound phosphates (including phosphate, diphosphate, polyphosphate,
    thiophosphate, or phosphonate group-contg. polyalkylene glycols, phosphate
    group-contg. nucleotides and their oligomers and polymers, and phosphate
    group-contg. carbohydrates). Both the superparamagnetic aggregates and
    the reactive stabilizer may be active substances. Thus, a suspension of
    Fe304 particles (prepd. by acidification of a soln. of FeCl2 and FeCl3)
    was treated with estramustine and bis(.omega.-methoxypolyethylene glycol)
    phosphate and purified by magnetic pptn. to provide an agent for magnetic
    drug targeting of prostate carcinoma.
ST
    superparamagnetic particle diagnosis tumor treatment; immunostimulation
    superparamagnetic particle
IT
    Fusion, biological
        (-promoting agents, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized;
       superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
       enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
    Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (derivs., stabilizers; superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis
       and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
    Rare earth oxides
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (iron; superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
       enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
     Pharmaceuticals
        (phosphate group- and phosphonate group-contg., superparamagnetic
       particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis
       and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
```

ΙT

Nucleotides, biological studies

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RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (stabilizers; superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and
        immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
IΤ
     Algae
     Blood platelet
     Chelating agents
     Erythrocyte
     Fungi
     Immunostimulants
     Leukocyte
     Lymphocyte
     Microorganism
     Monocyte
     Organelle
     Pancreatic islet of Langerhans
     Virus, animal
        (superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic particles
        for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
TT
     Agglutinins and Lectins
     Alkaloids, biological studies
     Alkylating agents, biological
     Amino acids, biological studies
     Animal growth regulators
     Antibiotics
     Antibodies
    Antigens
    Antiserums
     Catecholamines
     Deoxyribonucleic acids
     Desmodus
     Enzymes
     Haptens
     Hormones
     Interferons
     Neoplasm inhibitors
     Porphyrins
     Ribonucleic acids
     Surfactants
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic particles
        for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
    Diagnosis
     Particles
        (superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
        enhancement and tumor treatment)
TΤ
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (A, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic particles
        for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
ΙT
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (G, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic particles
        for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
    Nutrients
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (anti-, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic
       particles for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor
       treatment)
IT
     Toxins
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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(endo-, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic
       particles for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor
        treatment)
IT
    Proteins, specific or class
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (endotoxin-binding, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized;
        superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
        enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
    Leukocvte
        (granulocyte, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic
       particles for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor
       treatment)
TΤ
    Lymphokines and Cytokines
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (interleukins, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized;
        superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
        enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
    Lymphokines and Cytokines
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (lymphotoxin, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic
       particles for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor
       treatment)
TT
    Lymphokines and Cytokines
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (macrophage-activating factor, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized;
        superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
        enhancement and tumor treatment)
    Proteins, specific or class
TT
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (neoplasm-inhibiting, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized;
        superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
       enhancement and tumor treatment)
TT
    Nucleotides, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oligo-, stabilizers; superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis
        and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
    Carbohydrates and Sugars, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (phosphates, stabilizers; superparamagnetic particles for use in
       diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
    Nucleotides, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (poly-, stabilizers; superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis
        and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (poly-, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic
       particles for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor
        treatment)
IT
    Glycoproteins, specific or class
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (selectins, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic
       particles for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor
       treatment)
IT
    Magnetic substances
```

(superpara-, particles; superparamagnetic particles for use in

```
diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
     Lymphokines and Cytokines
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (tumor necrosis factor, superparamagnetic particle-immobilized;
        superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
        enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
     154-87-0, Cocarboxylase 1344-09-8, Sodium silicate
     3-Mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane 11138-49-1, Sodium aluminate
     24991-55-7D, polyphosphates 63008-89-9 70700-21-9
     89319-19-7D, silanetriol derivs. 159097-81-1 159122-08-4
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (stabilizer; superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and
        immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
ΙT
     50-07-7, Mitomycin C
                           2998-57-4, Estramustine 9001-91-6D, Plasminogen,
     complex with streptokinase activator 9002-01-1, Streptokinase
     9011-18-1, Sodium dextran sulfate 9039-53-6, Urokinase
                                                               14596-37-3,
     Phosphorus-32, biological studies 23214-92-8, Doxorubicin
     37205-61-1, Proteinase inhibitor 56390-09-1, Epirubicin
     hydrochloride 81669-57-0, Anistreplase 139639-23-9, Tissue plasminogen
     activator
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (superparamagnetic particle-immobilized; superparamagnetic particles
        for use in diagnosis and immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
ΙT
     1317-61-9P, Iron oxide (Fe3O4), biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
        enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
     7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies 7439-89-6D, Iron,
                   12009-00-6, Barium iron oxide (BaFe204)
                                                              12018-79-0,
     mixed oxides
     Copper iron oxide (CuFe2O4) 12023-25-5, Iron strontium oxide (Fe2SrO4)
     12042-18-1, Aluminum iron oxide (AlFeO3) 12052-28-7, Cobalt iron oxide
                12063-10-4, Iron manganese oxide (Fe2MnO4)
                                                             12063-19-3, Iron
     zinc oxide (Fe2ZnO4)
                          12068-86-9, Iron magnesium oxide (Fe2MgO4)
     12443-11-7, Chromium iron oxide (CrFeO3)
                                               159845-80-4, Beryllium iron
     oxide (BeFe204)
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and immunity
        enhancement and tumor treatment)
IT
     1309-37-1P, Iron oxide (Fe2O3), biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (.gamma.-; superparamagnetic particles for use in diagnosis and
        immunity enhancement and tumor treatment)
L107 ANSWER 17 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN
     1995:235048 HCAPLUS
DN
     122:17227
ΤI
     Immediate-release pharmaceutical dosage forms of poorly soluble drugs
ΙN
     Remon, Jean Paul
PΑ
     Universiteit Gent Laboratorium Voor Farmaceutische Technologie, Belg.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
    English
    ICM A61K009-16
IC
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
                  KIND DATE
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PRAI BE 1993-407
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AΒ
     A solid prepn. for a substantially immediate release of an active agent
    with low or very low soly., which contains the active agent dissolved in a
     solubilizer, said dissolved active agent being contained in solid
    particles which are agglomerated into a system of agglomerated particles
     which is not a matrix forming system. Thus, 5 g nifedipine (I) was
     dissolved in 95 g of Cetiol HE (PEG-7 glyceryl cocoate) at 50.degree. and
     the soln. was mixed with 375 g of water and 375 g microcryst. cellulose
     (Avicel PH 101). The above mixt. was then extruded and spheronized to
     obtain pellets which were dried at 50.degree.. In a dissoln. study of
     above pellets 50% of I was released in 1 h.
ST
     immediate release solid pharmaceutical soly; nifedipine immediate release
    pellet Cetiol HE
ΙT
    Antiarrhythmics
    Anticoagulants and Antithrombotics
    Anticonvulsants and Antiepileptics
    Bronchodilators
     Fungicides and Fungistats
     Immunosuppressants
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
    Solubilizers
    Surfactants
    Tuberculostatics
      Virucides and Virustats
        (immediate-release pharmaceutical dosage forms of poorly sol. drugs)
IΤ
    Fatty acids, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (immediate-release pharmaceutical dosage forms of poorly sol. drugs)
IT
    Hormones
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (immediate-release solid pharmaceutical dosage forms of poorly sol.
       drugs)
IT
     Therapeutics
        (chemo-, immediate-release pharmaceutical dosage forms of poorly sol.
       druas)
IT
    Glycerides, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (coco mono-, ethoxylated, immediate-release pharmaceutical dosage forms
       of poorly sol. drugs)
IT
     Pharmaceutical natural products
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (digitalis, immediate-release pharmaceutical dosage forms of poorly
       sol. drugs)
IT
    Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (fatty, immediate-release pharmaceutical dosage forms of poorly sol.
       drugs)
```

ΙT

Castor oil

IT

IT

IT

IT

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(microcryst.; immediate-release pharmaceutical dosage forms of poorly sol. drugs)

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L107 ANSWER 18 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
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    Preparation of superparamagnetic particles for diagnostic and therapeutic
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     Pilgrimm, Herbert Dr
PA
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SO
    Ger. Offen., 13 pp.
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DT
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AΒ
    Superparamagnetic single-domain particles of Fe, Fe oxide, or mixed Fe
    oxides (particle size 3-20 nm) are prepd. which bear surface-bound
    polyalkylene glycol (thio)phosphates or (thio)phosphonates, nucleotide or
    oligonucleotide phosphates, or carbohydrate phosphates contg. functional
    groups for attachment to pharmaceuticals or tissue-specific binding
    substances (e.g. antigen, antibody, nucleic acid, protein A, lectin).
    These particles may be used in combination with a magnetic field for
    destruction of tumors and stimulation of immune function (magnetic drug
    targeting), and for diagnosis.
ST
    superparamagnetic iron oxide particle diagnosis therapeutic
IT
    Rare earth oxides
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (iron-contg.; superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and
       therapeutic use)
IT
    Diagnosis
    Magnetic substances
    Particles
        (superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
ΙT
    Amino acids, biological studies
    Catecholamines
    Nucleotides, biological studies
    Porphyrins
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
IT
    Algae
    Blood platelet
    Cell
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Erythrocyte

Fungi Lymphocyte

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Microorganism
    Monocyte
    Organelle
    Pancreatic islet of Langerhans
        (superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic particle
       prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
ΙT
    Agglutinins and Lectins
    Alkaloids, biological studies
    Alkylating agents, biological
    Animal growth regulators
    Antibiotics
    Antibodies
    Antigens
    Antiserums
    Deoxyribonucleic acids
    Enzymes
    Haptens
    Hormones
    Interferons
    Ribonucleic acids
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic particle
       prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
ΙT
    Proteins, specific or class
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (A, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic particle
       prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
IT
    Proteins, specific or class
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (G, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic particle
       prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
ΙT
    Nutrients
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (anti-, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic
       particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
ΙT
    Toxins
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (endo-, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic
       particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
IΤ
    Proteins, specific or class
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        (endotoxin-binding, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated;
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TT
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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        superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
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    Leukocyte
        (granulocyte, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic
       particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
TΤ
    Lymphokines and Cytokines
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (interleukins, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic
       particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
IT
    Lymphokines and Cytokines
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (lymphotoxin, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic
       particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
IT
    Lymphokines and Cytokines
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (macrophage-activating factor, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated;
        superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use)
TΨ
    Nucleotides, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oligo-, superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and
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therapeutic use) Carbohydrates and Sugars, biological studies TT RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (phosphates, superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use) Carboxylic acids, biological studies IT RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (polymers, superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use) Glycoproteins, specific or class ΙT RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (selectins, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use) ΙT Lymphokines and Cytokines RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (tumor necrosis factor, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use) Proteins, specific or class ΙT RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (tumor-inhibiting, superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use) ΙT 70700-21-9 159097-81-1 RL: RCT (Reactant) (superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use) ΙT 1317-61-9, Iron oxide (Fe3O4), biological studies 1332-37-2, Iron oxide, biological studies 7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies **7439-89-6D**, Iron, mixed oxides 11129-48-9, Zinc ferrite 11138-11-7, Barium iron oxide 12018-79-0, Copper iron oxide 12052-28-7, Cobalt iron oxide 12063-10-4, Manganese iron oxide 12063-19-3, Zinc ferrite 12627-93-9, Strontium iron oxide 12678 - 40 - 912737-27-8, Chromium iron oxide Aluminum iron oxide 12789-35-4, 159101-50-5, Beryllium iron oxide Magnesium iron oxide RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use) IT 50-07-7, Mitomycin C 154-87-0, Cocarboxylase 2998-57-4 9001-91-6D, Plasminogen, streptokinase complexes 9002-01-1, Streptokinase 9002-01-1D, Streptokinase, plasminogen complexes 9004-74-4D, 9039-53-6, Urokinase polyphosphate ester 14596-37-3D, Phosphorus-32, 25322-68-3D, derivs., (thio)phosphate and compds., biological studies (thio)phosphonate esters 25322-69-4D, Poly(propylene glycol), derivs., (thio)phosphate and (thio)phosphonate esters 37205-61-1, 56390-09-1, Epirubicin hydrochloride Proteinase inhibitor 66198-48-9. 70700-23-1 81669-57-0, Anistreplase 106392-12-5D, Ethylene Desmodur glycol/propylene glycol block copolymer, derivs., (thio)phosphate and 139639-23-9, Tissue-type plasminogen activator (thio)phosphonate esters 159122-08-4 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (superparamagnetic particle-conjugated; superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use) IT 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, biological studies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (.gamma.-phase; superparamagnetic particle prepn. for diagnostic and therapeutic use) L107 ANSWER 19 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS ΑN 1994:655644 HCAPLUS DN 121:255644 TΙ Indole derivatives as inhibitors of HIV reverse transcriptase IN Williams, Theresa M.; Ciccarone, Terrence M.; Saari, Walfred S.; Wai, John S.; Greenlee, William J.; Balani, Suresh K.; Goldman, Mark E.; Hoffman, Jacob M. Jr; Lumma, William C. Jr; et al. Merck and Co., Inc., USA; Theoharides, Sharon, A. PΑ SO PCT Int. Appl., 144 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent

LA

English

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     ICS A61K031-40
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GΙ
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AB Novel indole compds. inhibit HIV reverse transcriptase (HIV RTR), and are useful in the prevention or treatment of infection by HIV and in the treatment of AIDS. The described compds. include I [X = H, Cl, F, Br, NO2, cyano, OH, alkoxy, (di)(alkyl)amino, alkylamido, alkylsulfonamido; Y = S, SO, SO2, O; R = (un) substituted alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, dialkylamino (except when Y =O); Z = (un)substituted CONH2, CSNH2, alkanoyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aminomethyl, cyano, etc.; R' = H, CHO, acyl, (un)substituted CONH2] and their salts and esters. Approx. 180 I are prepd., listed, and/or claimed. For example, 5-chloroindole-2-carboxylic acid was treated with excess NaH in DMF and then with PhSSPh to give its 3-(phenylthio) deriv., which was amidated with 3-(aminomethyl) pyridine using BOP reagent and Et3N in DMF to give title compd. II, a preferred compd. I inhibited HIV RTR in vitro with IC50 of 3-35 nM for the most preferred compds. I also inhibited viral spread of HIV in cell cultures, with 95% inhibitory concns. (CIC95) of 3-400 nM for preferred compds. ST indole prepn inhibitor HIV reverse transcriptase; antiviral indole prepn; AIDS treatment indole prepn

ΙI

IT Virucides and Virustats

(prepn. of indole derivs. as inhibitors of **HIV** reverse transcriptase)

IT Acquired immune deficiency syndrome

(treatment; prepn. of indole derivs. as inhibitors of HIV

reverse transcriptase) IT Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (-related complex, treatment; prepn. of indole derivs. as inhibitors of **HIV** reverse transcriptase) IT Virus, animal (human immunodeficiency, infection, treatment; prepn. of indole derivs. as inhibitors of HIV reverse transcriptase) IT 79-37-8DP, Oxalyl chloride, reaction products with indolecarboxylic acid 14204-24-1P, N-(Phenylthio) succinimide 24621-70-3P, 2-(Hydroxymethyl)indole 72716-86-0P, 4-Cyano-2-methoxypyridine 118427-37-5P, Ethyl 3-phenylthio-5-chloroindole-2-carboxylate 118427-38-6P, 5-Chloro-3-phenylthioindole-2-carboxylic acid 124312-73-8P, 2-Aminomethyl-1-methylimidazole 143232-22-8P, 3-(Phenylthio)indole-2-carboxaldehyde 143232-23-9P, 2-(Phenylthiomethyl)indole 143232-24-0P, 3-(Phenylthio)-2-(phenylthiomethyl) indole 143232-25-1P, N-Methoxy-N-methyl-3-(phenylthio) indole-2-carboxamide 148899-66-5P, N-Methoxy-N-methyl-5chloro-3-(phenylthio)indole-2-carboxamide 148900-64-5P, 3-(Phenylthio)indole-2-carboxamide 148900-65-6P, 2-(Aminomethyl)-3-148900-66-7P, N-Methoxy-N-methylfuran-3-carboxamide (phenylthio) indole 148900-69-0P, 4-(Aminomethyl)-2-methoxypyridine 148900-68-9P 158561-62-7P 158561-63-8DP, dimeric acid chloride deriv. 158561-63-8P 158561-64-9P 158561-65-0P 158561-66-1P 158561-80-9P, 5-Chloro-3-phenylsulfinylindole-2-carboxylic acid 158561-81-0P, Ethyl 3-phenylsulfonyl-5-chloroindole-2-carboxylate 158561-82-1P, 2-Carboethoxy-5-chloro-1-phenylsulfonylindole-3-sulfonic acid 158561-83-2P, 2-Carboethoxy-5-chloro-1-phenylsulfonylindole-3cyclopropylsulfonamide 158561-84-3P, 2-Carboethoxy-5-chloro-1phenylsulfonylindole-3-sulfonyl chloride 158561-85-4P 158561-86-5P, 2-Carboethoxy-5-chloro-1-phenylsulfonylindole-3-phenylsulfonamide 158561-89-8DP, dimeric acid chloride deriv. 158561-87-6P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (intermediate; prepn. of indole derivs. as inhibitors of HIV reverse transcriptase) ΙT 26868-66-6P, Ethyl 5-chloro-3-benzylindole-2-carboxylate 56366-45-1P 143246-73-5P, 2-Phenylsulfinylmethyl-3-116757-24-5P 118427-37-5P 148472-83-7P 148473-16-9P, 5-Chloro-3phenylthioindole phenylthioindole-2-carboxamide 148473-17-0P 148473-18-1P 148473-20-5P, 5-Chloro-3-phenylsulfinylindole-2-carboxamide 148473-19-2P 148473-24-9P, Methyl 5-chloro-3-phenylthioindole-2-carboxylate 148885-71-6P 148885-73-8P 148885-74-9P 148899-62-1P 148899-63-2P 148899-64-3P 148899-65-4P 148899-67-6P 148899-68-7P 148899-66-5P 148899-69-8P 148899-70-1P 148899-71-2P 148899-72-3P 148899-73-4P 148899-77-8P 148899-79-0P 148899-76-7P 148899-78-9P 148899-80-3P 148899-81-4P 148899-82-5P, N-Ethyl-5-chloro-3-phenylthioindole-2-148899-83-6P carboxamide 148899-84-7P 148899-85-8P 148899-86-9P 148899-87-0P 148899-90-5P 148899-88-1P 148899-89-2P 148899-91-6P 148899-96-1P 148899-92-7P 148899-93-8P 148899-94-9P 148899-97-2P 148899-98-3P 148900-03-2P 148899-99-4P 148900-01-0P 148900-04-3P 148900-09-8P 148900-10-1P 148900-05-4P 148900-06-5P 148900-07-6P 148900-11-2P 148900-15-6P 148900-16-7P 148900-12-3P 148900-13-4P 148900-18-9P, N-Benzyl-3-phenylsulfonyl-5-chloroindole-2-carboxamide 148900-19-0P 148900-21-4P 148900-22-5P 148900-23-6P 148900-24-7P 148900-37-2P 148900-38-3P 148900-25-8P 148900-30-5P 148900-36-1P 148900-39-4P, 2-Phenylcarboxamidomethyl-3-phenylthioindole 148900-40-7P 148900-41-8P 148900-42-9P 148900-43-0P 148900-44-1P 148900-45-2P 148900-46-3P 148900-47-4P, 2-Benzoyl-5-chloro-3-phenylthioindole 148900-48-5P 148900-51-0P 148900-49-6P 148900-50-9P 148900-52-1P 148900-53-2P 148900-54-3P 148900-55-4P 148900-56-5P 148900-57-6P 148900-58-7P 148900-59-8P 148900-60-1P 148900-61-2P 148900-62-3P, 5-Chloro-3-phenylthioindole-2-thiocarboxamide 158560-96-4P 158560-97-5P 158560-98-6P 158560-99-7P 158561-00-3P 158561-01-4P 158561-02-5P 158561-03-6P 158561-04-7P 158561-05-8P 158561-06-9P

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158561-37-6P
                              158561-39-8P
                                             158561-40-1P
                                                            158561-41-2P
              158561-43-4P
158561-42-3P
                              158561-44-5P
                                             158561-45-6P
                                                            158561-46-7P
158561-47-8P
              158561-48-9P
                              158561-49-0P
                                             158561-50-3P
                                                            158561-51-4P
158561-52-5P
              158561-53-6P
                              158561-54-7P
                                             158561-55-8P
                                                            158561-56-9P
158561-57-0P
              158561-58-1P
                              158561-59-2P
                                             158561-60-5P
                                                            158561-61-6P
158561-69-4P, 5-Chloro-3-phenylsulfonylindole-2-thiocarboxamide
158561-70-7P, N-Ethyl-3-phenylsulfonyl-5-chloroindole-2-carboxamide
158561-71-8P, N-Cyclopropyl-5-chloro-3-phenylsulfonylindole-2-carboxamide
158561-72-9P
              158561-73-0P
                              158561-74-1P
                                            158561-75-2P,
3-Phenylsulfonyl-5-methylsulfonylaminoindole-2-carboxamide
                                                             158561-76-3P,
N-Cyano-5-chloro-3-phenylsulfonylindole-2-carboximidamide
                                                            158561-77-4P,
N-Cyclobutyl-5-chloro-3-phenylsulfonylindole-2-carboxamide
                                                             158561-78-5P,
N-Cyclopropyl-5-chloro-3-phenylsulfinylindole-2-carboxamide
                                                              158647-93-9P
158647-94-0P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
(Preparation); USES (Uses)
   (prepn. of indole derivs. as inhibitors of HIV reverse
   transcriptase)
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
   (prepn. of indole derivs. as inhibitors of HIV reverse
   transcriptase)
51-45-6, Histamine, reactions 62-53-3, Aniline, reactions
                                                              75-04-7,
Ethylamine, reactions 98-88-4, Benzoyl chloride
                                                   100-46-9, Benzylamine,
                                                100-61-8, reactions
           100-59-4, Phenylmagnesium chloride
103-71-9, Phenyl isocyanate, reactions 108-98-5, Thiophenol, reactions
109-85-3, 2-Methoxyethylamine 124-63-0, Methanesulfonyl chloride
128-09-6, N-Chlorosuccinimide 141-43-5, reactions
                                                      462-08-8,
3-Aminopyridine
                  488-93-7, Furan-3-carboxylic acid
                                                      530-62-1,
Carbonyldiimidazole
                      617-89-0, 2-(Aminomethyl) furan
                                                       644-42-8,
                   765-30-0, Cyclopropylamine 882-33-7, Phenyl
3-Methylhistamine
            1142-19-4, (Bis (4-chlorophenyI) disulfide 2127-03-9, <sup>3</sup>
disulfide
Bis(2-pyridinyl) disulfide 2393-23-9, 4-Methoxybenzylamine
Cyclopropylmethylamine 2645-22-9, Bis(4-pyridinyl) disulfide
2799-16-8, 2(R)-Hydroxy-1-propylamine <math>3731-52-0, 3-(Aminomethyl)pyridine
3731-53-1, 4-(Aminomethyl)pyridine 3770-50-1, Ethyl indole-2-carboxylate
3886-69-9, (R)-(+)-.alpha.-Methylbenzylamine
                                               4597-87-9,
Methyl(2-Pyridyl)amine 4792-67-0, Ethyl 5-chloroindole-2-carboxylate
5036-48-6, 1-(3-Aminopropyl)imidazole 5071-96-5, 3-Methoxybenzylamine
6320-03-2, 2-Chlorothiophenol 6638-79-5, N,O-Dimethylhydroxylamine
                6850-57-3, 2-Methoxybenzylamine
hydrochloride
                                                 7664-41-7, Ammonia,
           10517-21-2, 5-Chloroindole-2-carboxylic acid 13258-63-4,
4-(2-Aminoethyl)pyridine 19742-92-8, Bis(3-chlorophenyl) disulfide
20062-51-5, 1-Methylimidazole-2-carboxamide
                                              20362-54-3, Di(2-thiazolyl)
           22600-77-7, 2-(Aminomethyl)imidazole dihydrochloride
24367-50-8, Bis(3-pyridinyl) disulfide 26177-43-5, 3-Nitrobenzylamine
hydrochloride
                33252-30-1, 2-Chloro-4-cyanopyridine
                                                      34231-22-6,
3-(Hydroxymethyl)benzylamine
                              56366-45-1, 2-Methyl-3-(phenylthio)indole
56613-81-1, (S)-(+)-2-Phenylglycinol
                                      61747-29-3, Bis(1-methylimidazol-2-
yl) disulfide
               69385-30-4, 2,6-Difluorobenzylamine
                                                      73604-31-6,
3-Hydroxybenzylamine
                      116757-25-6, 3-(Phenylthio)indole-2-carboxylic acid
137897-99-5, Bis(3,5-dichlorophenyl) disulfide
                                                 144900-57-2,
                                                 158561-88-7,
2-Chloro-4-(aminomethyl)pyridine
                                  158561-67-2
                                                158561-89-8,
2-Carboethoxy-5-chloro-1-phenylsulfonylindole
3-Phenylsulfonyl-5-chloroindole-2-carboxylic acid
                                                   158561-90-1,
2-Aminomethyl-1-ethylimidazole
RL: RCT (Reactant)
   (reactant; prepn. of indole derivs. as inhibitors of HIV
   reverse transcriptase)
158561-68-3DP, dimeric acid chloride deriv.
```

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

IT

ΙT

IT

(reactant; prepn. of indole derivs. as inhibitors of HIV reverse transcriptase)

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L107 ANSWER 20 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN
     1994:506122 HCAPLUS
DN
     121:106122
TΙ
     Conjugation of recombinant reverse transcriptase of HIV-1 to
     .beta.-D-galactosidase from Escherichia coli for ultrasensitive enzyme
     immunoassay (immune complex transfer enzyme immunoassay) of anti-
     HIV-1 IaG
ΑU
     Hashinaka, Kazuya; Hashida, Seiichi; Saitoh, Atsushi; Nakata, Atsuo;
     Shinagawa, Hideo; Oka, Shinichi; Shimada, Kaoru; Ishikawa, Eiji
CS
     Department of Biochemistry, Medical College of Miyazaki, Kiyotake,
     Miyazaki, 889-16, Japan
     J. Immunol. Methods (1994), 172(2), 179-87
SO
     CODEN: JIMMBG; ISSN: 0022-1759
DT
     Journal
     English
LA
CC
     15-1 (Immunochemistry)
AB
     Recombinant reverse transcriptase (RT) of HIV-1 was conjugated
     to .beta.-D-galactosidase from Escherichia coli in 3 different ways.
    Maleimide groups were introduced into .beta.-D-galactosidase mols.
     using N, N'-o-phenylenedimaleimide in the absence (method I) or presence
     (method II) of N-ethylmaleimide or into .beta.-D-galactosidase mols.,
     which had been treated with excess of 4,4'-dithiodipyridine to block thiol
     groups, using N-succinimidyl-6-maleimidohexanoate (method III).
     Subsequently, the maleimide groups were reacted with thiol
     groups introduced into recombinant RT mols. using N-succinimidyl-S-
     acetylmercaptoacetate. The conjugates were tested by a sensitive enzyme
     immunoassay (immune complex transfer enzyme immunoassay).
                                                                The immune
     complex consisting of 2,4-dinitrophenyl-bovine serum albumin-recombinant
     RT conjugate, anti-HIV-1 IgG, and recombinant
     RT-.beta.-D-galactosidase conjugate was captured by polystyrene beads
     coated with (anti-2,4-dinitrophenyl group) IgG, eluted with
    N.epsilon.-2,4-dinitrophenyl-L-lysine and transferred to polystyrene beads
     coated with (anti-human IqG .gamma. chain) IqG. The conjugate prepd. by
    method III, which showed the least polymn., the least loss of the specific
     enzyme activity, and the lowest nonspecific binding, improved the
     sensitivity of the enzyme immunoassay for anti-HIV-1 IgG approx.
     30-fold compared with RT-horseradish peroxidase conjugate.
ST
     conjugate reverse transcriptase galactosidase IgG HIV; enzyme
     immunoassay HIV IgG conjugate
ΙT
     Blood analysis
        (IgG to HIV-1 detn. in, by enzyme immunoassay, conjugation of
        virus reverse transcriptase with Escherichia coli galactosidase for)
IT
     Immunoglobulins
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (G, to HIV-1, enzyme immunoassay for, conjugation of virus
        reverse transcriptase with Escherichia coli galactosidase for)
IT
    Virus, animal
        (human immunodeficiency 1, IgG to, enzyme
        immunoassay for, conjugation of virus reverse transcriptase with
        Escherichia coli galactosidase for)
IΤ
     9031-11-2D, .beta. D Galactosidase, reverse transcriptase conjugates
     9068-38-6D, Reverse transcriptase, .beta.-D-galactosidase
     conjugates
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (for enzyme immunoassay of IgG to HIV-1)
IT
    128-53-0, N-Ethylmaleimide 2645-22-9, 4,4'
                       13118-04-2, N, N'-o-Phenylenedimaleimide
                                                                  55750-63-5
    Dithiodipyridine
     76931-93-6
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (in reverse transcriptase-galactosidase conjugate prepn. for enzyme
```

immunoassay of IgG to HIV-1 virus)

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ΑN
     1994:400313 HCAPLUS
DN
     121:313
ΤI
     Inhibition of human immunodeficiency virus infection by agents that
     interfere with thiol-disulfide interchange upon virus-receptor interaction
ΑU
     Ryser, Hugues J.-P.; Levy, Elinor M.; Mandel, Richard; DiSciullo, Gino J.
CS
     Sch. Med., Boston Univ., Boston, MA, 02118, USA
     Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. (1994), 91(10), 4559-63
SO
     CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
AΒ
     The cell surface of mammalian cells is capable of reductively cleaving
     disulfide bonds of exogenous membrane-bound macromols. (for instance, the
     interchain disulfide of diphtheria toxin), and inhibiting this process
     with membrane-impermeant sulfhydryl reagents prevents diphtheria
     toxin cytotoxicity. More recently it was found that the same membrane
     function can be inhibited by bacitracin, an inhibitor of protein
     disulfide-isomerase (PDI), and by monoclonal antibodies against PDI,
     suggesting that PDI catalyzes a thiol-disulfide interchange between its
     thiols and the disulfides of membrane-bound macromols. The authors
     provide evidence that the same reductive process plays a role in the
     penetration of membrane-bound human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
     and show that HIV infection of human lymphoid cells is markedly
     inhibited by the membrane-impermeant sulfhydryl blocker
     5,5'-dithiobis(2-nitrobenzoic acid), by bacitracin, and by anti-PDI
     antibodies. The results imply that HIV and its target cell
     engage in a thiol-disulfide interchange mediated by PDI and that the redn.
     of crit. disulfides in viral envelope glycoproteins may be the initial
     event that triggers conformational changes required for HIV
     entry and cell infection. These findings suggest addnl. approaches to
     impede cell infection by HIV.
ST
     HIV infection thiol disulfide interchange inhibitor; disulfide
     isomerase inhibitor HIV infection
ΙT
     Virucides and Virustats
        (thiol-disulfide interchange inhibitors, HIV infection
        inhibition by)
IT
     Antibodies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (to protein disulfide-isomerase, HIV infection inhibition by,
        thiol-disulfide interchange inhibition in relation to)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
        (human immunodeficiency 1, infection,
        thiol-disulfide interchange inhibitors effect on)
    69-78-3) 5,5'-Dithiobis(2-nitrobenzoic acid) 1405-87-4,
     Bacitracin
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (human immunodeficiency virus infection inhibition by, thiol-disulfide
        interchange inhibition in relation to)
IT
     37318-49-3, Protein disulfide-isomerase
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (inhibitor, HIV-1 infection inhibition by)
L107 ANSWER 22 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1994:315212 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     120:315212
TΤ
     Antiviral activity of some copper complexes of as-triazines
ΑU
     Popescu, Alexandrina; Jucu, V.; Tomas, E.; Zuiwertz, Alexandrina;
     Cristescu, C.; Tomas, S.
CS
     "Stefan S. Nicolau" Inst. Virol., Bucharest, 79650, Rom.
SO
     Rev. Roum. Virol. (1992), 43(1-2), 125-6
     CODEN: RRVIEX; ISSN: 1018-0532
ĎΤ
     Journal
LA
     English
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
GI
```

AB Cu complexes with the asym. triazines I (R = H, OH) exhibited antiviral activity against vesicular stomatitis and herpes simplex viruses in human embryo cell cultures. The complexes were active at concns. of 10-8-10-6M, and appeared to act as superoxide radical scavengers.

ST copper triazine complex virucide

IT Virucides and Virustats

(copper complexes with asym. triazines as, against vesicular stomatitis and herpes simplex viruses in human cells)

IT Virus, animal

(herpes simplex, inhibition of, in human cells by copper complexes with asym. triazines)

IT Virus, animal

(vesicular stomatitis, inhibition of, in human cells by copper complexes with asym. triazines)

TT 7440-50-8D, Copper, triazine complexes 155166-51-1D, copper complexes 155166-52-2D, copper complexes

Ι

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(virucidal activity of, against vesicular stomatitis and herpes simplex viruses in human cells)

L107 ANSWER 23 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1993:595124 HCAPLUS

DN 119:195124

TI Pseudo-symmetrical difluoroketones. Highly potent and specific inhibitors of HIV-1 protease

AU Sham, Hing L.; Betebenner, David A.; Wideburg, Norman; Saldivar, Ayda C.; Kohlbrenner, William E.; Craig-Kennard, Adrienne; Vasavanonda, Sudthida; Kempf, Dale J.; Clement, Jacob J.; et al.

CS Abbott Laboratories, Anti-infective Research, D-47D, Abbott Park, IL, 60064-3500, USA

SO FEBS Lett. (1993), 329(1-2), 144-6 CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-3 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 23

AB A series of novel, pseudo-sym. difluoroketones which are highly potent inhibitors of the HIV-1 protease (IC50 = 1.55-0.02 nM) were synthesized. These compds. also possess good antiviral activity by inhibition of the cytopathic effect of HIV-13B in MT-4 cells in vitro.

ST difluoro ketone prepn HIV protease inhibition

IT Virucides and Virustats

(for HIV-1, difluoro ketones, structure in relation to)

IT Ketones, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(di-, fluoro, HIV-1 protease inhibition by)

IT Virus, animal

(human immunodeficiency 1, inhibition of, by difluoro ketones)

IT 1164-16-5 134807-20-8 144162-33-4 144163-00-8 144163-45-1 150462-11-6

RL: RCT (Reactant) (coupling of, with oxazolidinones) ΙT 9001-75-6, Pepsin 9015-94-5, Renin, biological studies 9025-26-7, Cathepsin D RL: PROC (Process) (inhibition of, by difluoroketones) 144114-21-6, Retropepsin IT RL: PROC (Process) (of HIV-1, inhibition of, by difluoroketones) IT 133038-85-4P 144162-27-6P 144162-29-8P 144162-61**-**8P 144163-15-5P 144185-90-0P 151532-08-0P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and HIV-1 protease inhibition by, structure in relation to) ΙT 133038-83-2P 150462-10-5P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and hydrolysis and coupling with protected valine) ΙT 133038-87-6P 144162-28-7P 144162-31**-**2P 144162-35-6P 150521-45-2P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and oxidn. of) ΙT 133038-82-1P 150462-09-2P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and oxime formation and catalytic hydrogenation of) 5674-02-2, Isobutyl magnesium chloride 6921-34-2, Benzyl magnesium ΙT chloride RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with amides) IT134450-42-3 150462-08-1 RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with benzyl or iso-Bu magnesium chloride) L107 ANSWER 24 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS ΑN 1993:554816 HCAPLUS DN 119:154816 TIReactivity of cysteine residues in the protease from human immunodeficiency virus: Identification of a surface-exposed region which affects enzyme function ΑU Karlstrom, Anders R.; Shames, Brian D.; Levine, Rodney L. CS Lab. Biochem., Natl. Heart, Lung, Blood Inst., Bethesda, MD, 20892, USA SO Arch. Biochem. Biophys. (1993), 304(1), 163-9 CODEN: ABBIA4; ISSN: 0003-9861 DT Journal English LA CC 7-5 (Enzymes) Section cross-reference(s): 1 The protease encoded by the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) AB is essential for the processing of viral polyproteins encoded by the gag and pol genes into mature viral proteins. The 99-residue protease from HIV-1 contains two cysteine residues (Cys-67 and Cys-95), both of which are usually conserved in viruses isolated from patients. Despite this conservation, neither residue is required for enzymic activity. Certain site-specific cysteine mutants of HIV-1 protease are catalytically active, and the protease from HIV-2 lacks both cysteines. Copper is a potent inhibitor of HIV-1 protease, but not of mutants lacking cysteine. The addn. of copper to the protease at pH 5.5 induced aggregation of the protein, providing a possible basis for the inhibitory action of copper. However, addn. of both copper and dithiothreitol still led to inhibition of activity but did not cause aggregation. These findings led to a study of the reactivity of the cysteine residues to 5,5'-dithiobis-(2-nitrobenzoic acid) (Ellman's reagent), a sulfhydryl compd. which reacts with the ionized form of cysteine residues. At pH 6.2 in 6 M guanidine, no derivatization of cysteine residues occurred, consistent with the typical pKn of cysteine

expected for the denatured protein. However, in the same buffer without guanidine, the native protease reacted rapidly with concomitant loss of

proteolytic activity. Peptic mapping demonstrated that both Cys-67 and Cys-95 were derivatized. A catalytically active fusion protein of protease with protein A domains was then studied with the expectation that access to Cys-95 would be hindered. This was confirmed, with only Cys-67 reacting rapidly with Ellman's reagent. Enzymic activity was again lost, indicating that derivatization of the surface-accessible Cys-67 was sufficient to inactivate the enzyme. The reactivity and accessibility of these residues suggest an interesting approach for the development of protease inhibitors which are not directed to the substrate-binding site. HIV1 aspartic protease cysteine reactivity accessibility; virus HIV1 protease cysteine reactivity accessibility; virucide design HIV1 protease cysteine reactivity 69-78-3 kL: BIOL (Biological study) (aspartic proteinase of HIV-1 virus inhibition by, cysteine-67 modification in) 7440-50-8, Copper, biological studies RL: BIOL (Biological study) (aspartic proteinase of HIV-1 virus inhibition by, enzyme aggregation in) 144114-21-6, Retropepsin RL: BIOL (Biological study) (cysteine-67 and -95 of, of HIV-1 virus, surface accessibility and reactivity of) 52-90-4, Cysteine, properties RL: PRP (Properties) (of aspartic proteinase position 67 and 95 of HIV-1 virus, surface accessibility and reactivity of) L107 ANSWER 25 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS 1993:423449 HCAPLUS 119:23449 The ribonuclease H activity of HIV-1 reverse transcriptase: Further biochemical characterization and search of inhibitors Andreola, M. L.; Tharaud, D.; Litvak, S.; Tarrago-Litvak, L. IBC, CNRS, Bordeaux, 33077, Fr. Biochimie (1993), 75(1-2), 127-34CODEN: BICMBE; ISSN: 0300-9084 Journal English 7-3 (Enzymes) A recombinant homodimer p66/p66 of the HIV-1 reverse transcriptase (RT) was expressed in and purified from a protease-deficient strain of the yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae. The RNase H activity assocd. with the homodimer was biochem. characterized. The effect of cations and the hybrid substrate specificity were studied. Some compds. which have been found to inhibit retroviral replication were tested as potential inhibitors of the retroviral DNA polymerase and RNase H activities. Most of these compds. inhibited preferentially the DNA polymerase activity. On the other hand, only suramin inhibited RNase H more efficiently than DNA polymerase. As in the case of the DNA polymerase activity, the thiol-reacting agent N-ethylmaleimide (NEM) did not affect the RNase H activity of HIV RT. When the effect of NEM was tested against E. coli RNase H, a weak inhibitory effect was detected. Surprisingly, NEM strongly inhibits the same bacterial RNase H in the presence of a recombinant form of HIV RT devoid of nuclease activity. These results strongly suggest an interaction between E. coli RNase H and HIV-1 RT. reverse transcriptase HIV1 virus RNase H; ethylmaleimide RNase H Escherichia HIV1 virus Escherichia coli (RNase H of, ethylmaleimide inhibition of, interaction with reverse transcriptase of HIV-1 virus effect on) Virus, animal

(human immunodeficiency 1, RNase H of reverse

transcriptase of, inhibition of)

ST

ΙT

ΙT

IT

ANDN

TΙ

ΑU

CS

SO

DT

LA

CC

AΒ

ST

IT

IT

```
IT
     145-63-1, Suramin
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (RNase H of reverse transcriptase of HIV-1 virus inhibition
        by, specificity of)
TΤ
     128-53-0, N-Ethylmaleimide
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (RNase H of Eshcerichia coli and HIV-1 virus inhibition by,
        protein interactions in relation to)
     9068-38-6, Reverse transcriptase
IT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (RNase H of Eshcerichia coli interactions with, of HIV-1
        virus, ethylmaleimide inhibition in relation to)
     9050-76-4, RNase H
ΙT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (of reverse transcriptase of HIV-1 virus, inhibitors of)
     54-47-7, Pyridoxal phosphate
IT
                                     4408-78-0, Phosphonoacetic acid
     126347-69-1, R82913
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (reverse transcriptase of HIV-1 virus inhibition by,
        inhibition of RNase H in relation to)
L107 ANSWER 26 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1993:407072 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     119:7072
TΤ
     Human immunodeficiency virus type 1 coat protein neurotoxicity
     mediated by nitric oxide in primary cortical
     cultures
ΑIJ
     Dawson, Valina L.; Dawson, Ted M.; Uhl, George R.; Snyder, Solomon H.
CS
    Addict. Res. Cent., Natl. Inst. Drug Abuse, Baltimore, MD, 21224, USA
     Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. (1993), 90(8), 3256-9
SO
     CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424
DΤ
     Journal
     English
LΑ
CC
     15-8 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 10
     The human immunodeficiency virus type 1 coat protein, gp120, kills neurons
AB
     in primary cortical cultures at low picomolar concns. The toxicity
     requires external glutamate and calcium and is blocked by glutamate
     receptor antagonists. Nitric oxide (NO) contributes
     to gp120 toxicity, since nitroarginine, an inhibitor of NO synthase,
     prevents toxicity as does deletion of arginine from the incubation medium
     and Hb, which binds NO. Superoxide dismutase also attenuates toxicity,
     implying a role for superoxide anions.
ST
    HIV protein gp120 neurotoxicity nitric oxide
TΤ
     Hemoglobins
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (HIV-1 protein gp120 toxicity regulation by, in brain
        cerebral cortex, nitric oxide in relation to)
IT
     Ion channel
        (calcium, L-type, HIV-1 protein gp120 neurotoxicity mediation
        by, in brain cerebral cortex, glutamate dependence in)
IT
     Receptors
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (glutamatergic, {f HIV}{	ext{-}1} protein gp120 neurotoxicity mediation
        by, in brain cerebral cortex, nitric oxide in
        relation to)
IT
     Receptors
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (glutamatergic, methyl-D-aspartate-binding, HIV-1 protein
        gp120 neurotoxicity mediation by, in brain cerebral cortex,
        nitric oxide in relation to)
IT
     Sialoglycoproteins
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (gp120env, neurotoxicity of, of HIV-1, in brain cerebral
        cortex, nitric oxide role of)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
```

```
(human immunodeficiency 1, protein gp120 of,
        neurotoxicity of, in brain cerebral cortex, nitric
        oxide role in)
     Nerve, disease
TΤ
        (injury, HIV-1 protein gp120 induction of, calcium and
        glutamate dependence in, nitric oxide role in)
IT
     9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (HIV-1 protein gp120 neurotoxicity attenuation by, in brain
        cerebral cortex, superoxide in relation to)
IT
     56-86-0, Glutamic acid, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (HIV-1 protein gp120 neurotoxicity dependence on calcium and,
        in brain cerebral cortex, nitric oxide role in)
ΙT
     7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (HIV-1 protein gp120 neurotoxicity dependence on glutamate
        and, in brain cerebral cortex, nitric oxide role
        in)
ΙT
     10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (HIV-1 protein gp120 neurotoxicity mediation by, in brain
        cerebral cortex, calcium and glutamate dependence in)
ΙT
     74-79-3, Arginine, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (HIV-1 protein gp120 neurotoxicity mediation by, in brain
        cerebral cortex, nitric oxide in relation to)
TT
     7665-99-8, CGMP
     RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
        (formation of, in brain cerebral cortex, HIV-1 protein gp120
        neurotoxicity stimulation of, nitric oxide role in)
L107 ANSWER 27 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN
     1993:183391 HCAPLUS
     118:183391
DN
TΤ
     Method of inhibiting human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) protease
     with sulfhydryl-reactive compounds
ΤN
     Levine, Rodney L.; Karlstrom, Anders R.; Shames, Brian D.
PΑ
     United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA
     U. S. Pat. Appl., 14 pp. Avail. NTIS Order No. PAT-APPL-6-832 236.
SO
     CODEN: XAXXAV
DΤ
     Patent
LA
     English
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 7
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
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                           -----
                           19930101
    US 832236
                      _A0
                                          US 1992-832236 19920207 <--
     WO 9315730
                     A1
                          19930819
                                          WO 1993-US889
                                                          19930202 <--
        W: AU, CA, JP
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
     AU 9336040
                     A1
                                          AU 1993-36040
                                                           19930202 <--
                           19930903
PRAI US 1992-832236
                            19920207 <--
     WO 1993-US889
                            19930202 <--
     A method and compn. are disclosed for inhibiting the growth and
AB
     replication of a virus, e.g. a retrovirus and in particular
     HIV (specifically HIV-1), through reaction of the viral
     protease on an exposed surface, in particular an exposed surface outside
     of the active site of the viral protease. The method preferably involves
     contacting the virus with a compn. comprising a SH group-reactive compd.,
     e.g. DTNB. Thus, the HIV-1 aspartyl protease, which contains 2
     Cys residues at positions 67 and 95, was reacted with DTNB; the DTNB
     reacted to form disulfide bridges between itself and each of the 2 Cys
     residues. Using a fusion protein contg. the protease and an IgG binding
```

domain (ZZ) for reaction with DTNB, results indicated that Cys-67 was

ST

IT

IT

IT

IT

ΙT

ΙT

IT

ΙT

ΑN DN

TI

IN PA

SO

DΤ

LA

IC

CC

PΤ

PRAI US 1988-172064

WO 1989-US1035 A

Α

19880323

19890315 <--

<--

selectively derivatized, and its reaction with DTNB was responsible for the inhibition of the protease activity. Exposure of the DTNB-reacted fusion protein with DTT for 5 min restored the activity of the viral protease to 70% of control. human immunodeficiency virus protease inhibition; sulfhydryl reagent HIV protease inhibition; DTNB HIV virus protease inhibition Mercapto group (compds. reactive with, in human immunodeficiency virus protease inhibition) Virucides and Virustats (sulfhydryl-reactive compds., for viral protease inhibition) Immunoglobulins RL: BIOL (Biological study) (G, binding domain (ZZ), fusion protein with human immunodeficiency virus 1 protease, inhibition by DTNB of) Proteins, specific or class RL: BIOL (Biological study) (fusion products, of protease of human immunodeficiency virus 1 with IgG binding domain (ZZ), inhibition by DTNB of) Virus, animal (human immunodeficiency 1, protease of, inhibition of, sulfhydryl-reactive compds. for) Virus, animal (retro-, protease of, inhibition of, sulfhydryl -reactive compds. for) 3483-12-3, DTT RL: BIOL (Biological study) (DTNB-induced inhibition of human immunodeficiency virus 1 protease-contg. fusion protein reversal by) (69-78-3) 5,5'-Dithiobis(2-nitrobenzoic acid) RL: BIOL (Biological study) (human immunodeficiency virus protease inhibition by) 37205-61-1, Proteinase inhibitor RL: BIOL (Biological study) (of HIV, sulfhydryl-reactive compds. as) 52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies RL: BIOL (Biological study) (of protease of human immunodeficiency virus 1, reaction with DTNB of, for protease inhibition) L107 ANSWER 28 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS 1990:229716 HCAPLUS 112:229716 Antiviral composition containing aromatic polycyclic diones and nucleoside analogs and method for treating retrovirus infections Meruelo, Daniel; Lavie, Gad New York University, USA PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent English ICM A61K031-70 1-5 (Pharmacology) Section cross-reference(s): 63 FAN.CNT 3 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ -----____ _____ WO 8909055 19891005 WO 1989-US1035 19890315 <--A1 W: AU, BR, DK, FI, JP RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE AU 1989-32942 AU 8932942 19891016 19890315 <--A1 19890322 <--ES 2010464 Α6 19891101 ES 1989-1031 Α ZA 1989-2216 ZA 8902216 19900328 19890323 <--

```
AΒ
    Retroviral infections are treated with a nucleoside and an arom.
    polycyclic dione such as hypericin or pseudohypericin. AZT + hypericin or
    pseudohypericin was synergistic in antiviral activity in mice infected
    with Friend Leukemia Virus. The combination therapy enabled redn. of the
     frequency and concn. of administered AZT, minimizing the side effects of
     the drug without decreasing its effectiveness.
ST
    virucide nucleoside polycyclic dione; hypericin nucleoside virucide
IT
    Virucides and Virustats
        (nucleoside-hypericin deriv. compns.)
    Nucleosides, biological studies
IT
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (virucidal compns. contg. hypericin derivs. and)
    Ketones, biological studies
IT
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (di-, polycyclic, virucidal compns. contg. nucleosides and)
     3416-05-5, 2',3'-Dideoxythymidine 4097-22-7, 2',3'-Dideoxyadenosine
IT
    7481-89-2, 2',3'-Dideoxycytidine 30516-87-1, 3'-Azido-3'-deoxythymidine
     85326-06-3, 2',3'-Dideoxyguanosine
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (virucidal compns. contg. hypericin derivs. and)
    548-04-9, Hypericin 55954-61-5, Pseudohypericin
TT
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (virucidal compns. contg. nucleosides and)
L107 ANSWER 29 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    1990:229715 HCAPLUS
ΑN
    112:229715
DN
TΙ
    Antiviral composition containing aromatic polycyclic diones and
    nucleoside analogs and method for treating retrovirus infections
ΙN
    Meruelo, Daniel; Lavie, Gad
PA
    New York University, USA
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
    Patent
LΑ
    English
    ICM A61K031-70
TC
CC
    1-5 (Pharmacology)
    Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 3
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
    -----
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                                          -----
                           -----
                                                          -----
    WO 8909056
                     A1 19891005
                                          WO 1989-US1211
                                                          19890322 <--
PΤ
        W: AU, BR, DK, FI, JP
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE
    AU 8934239
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                         19891016
                                                           19890322 <--
                                         AU 1989-34239
                           19900411
    EP 362359
                      Α1
                                          EP 1989-904668
                                                           19890322 <--
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
    JP 02504283
                    T2
                           19901206
                                          JP 1989-504326
                                                           19890322 <--
                     Α
    DK 8905869
                           19900119
                                          DK 1989-5869
                                                           19891122 <--
                     Α
    ZA 9002032
                           19901228
                                          ZA 1990-2032
                                                           19900316 <--
                     Α
    US 6150414
                           20001121
                                          US 1992-970229
                                                          19921102 <--
                           19880323
PRAI US 1988-172064 A
                                    <--
                    Α
    US 1989-324177
                           19890317
                                    <--
                     Α
    US 1989-326392
                           19890320
                                    <--
    WO 1989-US1211
                     Α
                           19890322
                                    <--
    US 1989-417163
                      B2
                           19891004
                                    <--
    US 1990-488518
                     В1
                           19900227
                                     <--
    US 1992-883799
                      В1
                           19920215
                                    <--
ΑB
    Retroviral infections are treated with a nucleoside and an arom.
    polycyclic dione such as hypericin or pseudohypericin. AZT + hypericin or
    pseudohypericin was synergistic in antiviral activity in mice infected
    with Friend Leukemia Virus. The combination therapy enabled redn. of the
     frequency and concn. of administered AZT, minimizing the side effects of
    the drug without decreasing its effectiveness.
```

virucide nucleoside polycyclic dione; hypericin nucleoside virucide

ST

IT

Virucides and Virustats

```
(hypericin deriv.-nucleoside compns.)
    Nucleosides, biological studies
TT
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (virucidal compns. contg. hypericin derivs. and)
    Ketones, biological studies
IΤ
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (di-, polycyclic, virucidal compns. contq. nucleosides and)
     3416-05-5, 2',3'-Dideoxythymidine 4097-22-7, 2',3'-Dideoxyadenosine
IT
    7481-89-2, 2',3'-Dideoxycytidine
                                        30516-87-1, AZT
                                                         85326-06-3,
     2',3'-Dideoxyguanosine
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (virucidal compns. contg. hypericin derivs. and)
     548-04-9, Hypericin
                          55954-61-5, Pseudohypericin
TΤ
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (virucidal compns. contg. nucleosides and)
L107 ANSWER 30 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    1989:627688 HCAPLUS
AN
     111:227688
DN
TΙ
    Human immunodeficiency virus reverse transcriptase expressed in
     transformed yeast cells. Biochemical properties and interactions with
    bovine tRNALys
ΑU
    Sallafranque-Andreola, Marie Line; Robert, Dominique; Barr, Philip J.;
    Litvak, Simon; Sarih-Cottin, Leila; Tarrago-Litvak, Laura; Fournier,
    Michel
CS
    Inst. Biochim. Cell. Neurochim., Cent. Natl. Rech. Sci., Bordeaux, Fr.
SO
    Eur. J. Biochem. (1989), 184(2), 367-74
    CODEN: EJBCAI; ISSN: 0014-2956
DΤ
     Journal
LA

    English

CC
    7-2 (Enzymes)
    Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) reverse transcriptase (I) was
AΒ
    purified from yeast transformed by an autoreplicating plasmid contg. the
    retroviral DNA polymerase gene. A previously described purifn.
    procedure for the yeast-expressed I was substantially modified, leading to
    an increased yield and a higher degree of purity. Several biochem.
    properties of I were described (template specificity, effect of DNA
    synthesis inhibitors); interestingly, HIV I was highly resistant
    to N-ethylmaleimide. A complex between the human retroviral
    enzyme and bovine tRNALyswas shown, using a direct approach, by glycerol
    gradient centrifugation, as well as by the protective and specific effect
    of the tRNALysagainst enzyme inactivation by thermal denaturation and
     trypsin digestion. A competitive type of inhibition of HIV I by
    tRNALys, but not by tRNAVal, was obsd. when viral RNA or activated DNA
    were used as templates.
ST
    reverse transcriptase HIV virus; human immunodeficiency virus
    reverse transcriptase; lysine tRNA reverse transcriptase HIV
    virus
IT
    Kinetics, enzymic
        (of inhibition, of reverse transcriptase of HIV virus by TTP)
IT
    Michaelis constant
        (of reverse transcriptase, of HIV virus)
IT
    Virus, animal
        (human immunodeficiency 1, reverse transcriptase
        of, purifn. and properties of, interaction with lysine-specific tRNA in
        relation to)
IT
    Ribonucleic acids, transfer
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (lysine-specific, reverse transcriptase of HIV-1 virus
        interaction with, of liver)
IT
     9068-38-6P, Reverse transcriptase
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (of HIV-1 virus, purifn. and properties of)
IT
     365-08-2
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (reverse transcriptase of HIV virus inhibition by and
```

```
reaction kinetics with)
IT
     128-53-0
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (reverse transcriptase of HIV virus resistance to)
L107 ANSWER 31 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
ΑN
    1989:587584 HCAPLUS
DN
    111:187584
ΤI
    Antiviral compositions containing aromatic polycyclic diones for
     treating retrovirus infections
IN
    Lavie, David; Meruelo, Daniel; Lavie, Gad; Revel, Michel; Vande, Velde
    Vincent; Rotman, Dalia
    New York University, USA; Yeda Research and Development Ltd.
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
    English
LA
IC
    ICM A61K031-05
     ICS A61K031-045
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 11
FAN.CNT 2
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                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                           _____
    WO 8901329
                      A1
                           19890223
                                           WO 1988-US2616
                                                            19880803 <--
PΙ
        W: AU, BR, DK, FI, JP
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE
    AU 8823012
                      Α1
                           19890309
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                                                            19880803 <--
    AU 631525
                       B2
                            19921203
                            19890920
                                           EP 1988-907908
    EP 332679
                      Α1
                                                            19880803 <--
                           19930616
    EP 332679
                      В1
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
                     T2 19900426
     JP 02501220
                                           JP 1988-507109
                                                            19880803 <--
     JP 2725813
                      В2
                            19980311
    AT 90558
                      E
                            19930715
                                           AT 1988-907908
                                                            19880803 <--
                      Α
                           19890426
    ZA 8805838
                                           ZA 1988-5838
                                                            19880809 <--
                      A1 19940503
    CA 1329133
                                           CA 1988-574274
                                                            19880810 <--
                           19910910
                                           US 1989-328767
    US 5047435
                      A
                                                            19890327 <--
    FI 8901665
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                                           FI 1989-1665
                                                            19890407 <--
                      Α
                                           DK 1989-1674
    DK 8901674
                           19890609
                                                            19890407 <--
PRAI US 1987-84008
                            19870810
                                     <--
    IL 1986-79661
                            19860808
                                      <--
    US 1987-82700
                            19870807
                                      <--
                                      <--
    EP 1988-907908
                            19880803
    WO 1988-US2616
                            19880803
                                      <--
AΒ
    Arom. polycyclic diones, specifically hypericin (I) and pseudohypericin
     (II), are drugs for the treatment of retrovirus infections. I
    and II were extd. from St. Johnswort (Hypericum triquetrifolium) with
    Me2CO in a Soxhlet app. and sepd. by silica gel-60 chromatog., using
    CHCl3-Me2CO-MeOH (75:15:10 and 55:15:10) for elution. Further purifn. was
    by flash chromatog. on silica gel-60. II (80 .mu.g/animal, i.p.)
    administered 24 h after infection decreased the malignant transformational
    capacity of the Friend leukemia virus in mice, as shown by decreased
    splenomegaly.
ST
    retrovirus drug hypericin pseudohypericin; Hypericum arom
    polycyclic dione virucide
IT
    Hypericum triquetrifolium
        (hypericin and pseudohypericin from, as virucides)
IT
    Virucides and Virustats
        (hypericin and pseudohypericin, against retroviruses)
IT
    Ketones, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (di-, aryl, polycyclic, virucides, from Hypericum, against
       retroviruses)
    Virus, animal
IT
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(retro-, infection with, treatment of, hypericin and
       pseudohypericin for)
IT
     548-04-9, Hypericin
                           55954-61-5, Pseudohypericin
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (virucide, against retroviruses)
L107 ANSWER 32 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    1987:169033 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     106:169033
TΙ
     Preparation of peptide halomethyl ketones as
    picornavirus proteinase inhibitors and virucides
ΙN
     Kettner, Charles A.; Korant, Bruce D.
PΑ
     du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA
SO
     U.S., 10 pp.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K037-02
     ICS C07K005-06; C07K005-08; C07K005-10
NCL
     514018000
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 34
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                           _____
                                                           ______
    US 4636492
                    Α
                           19870113
                                          US 1984-645426
                                                           19840829 <--
PI
                         19880413
                                          EP 1986-307688 19861006 <--
                     A1
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
     JP 63112525
                     A2
                           19880517
                                          JP 1986-254812
                                                          19861028 <--
PRAI US 1984-645426
                           19840829
                                     <--
    Tri- and tetrapeptide halomethyl ketones R1A3nA2A1NHCHR2COCH2X (I; A2 =
    Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Gly; A3 = A2, Phe, Tyr; A1 = A3, Pro, Ser, Thr; R1 =
    N- terminal protecting group; R2 = Me, iso-Pr, iso-Bu, 4-HOC6H4CH2,
    CH2CH2COR3; R3 = NH2, OMe, OEt, OCH2Ph, C1-6 alkyl; X = Cl, Br; n = 0, 1)
    which inhibit picornavirus proteinase activity are used for treatment of
     viral infections of mammals. Z-Phe-Gly-Leu-Leu-CH2Cl (Z =
    benzyloxycarbonyl) was prepd. by coupling the N-hydroxysuccinimide ester
     of Z-Phe with Gly-Leu, converting the product to a mixed anhydride with
     iso-Bu chloroformate, and coupling with Leu-CH2C1.HCl. I caused 90%
    plaque inhibition at 1 .mu.q/mL in cultured HeLa cells infected with human
     rhino virus type 1A; cytotoxicity was obsd. only at >= 15 .mu.g/mL.
     inhibit posttranslational processing of picornavirus capsid proteins by
     virus-encoded proteinases and thus interfere with viral replication.
ST
     virus proteinase inhibitor peptide; halomethyl ketone peptide virucide
ΙΤ
    Virucides and Virustats
        (peptide halomethyl ketones, for picornaviruses)
ΙT
     Peptides, compounds
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (halomethyl ketone-contg., prepn. of, as picornavirucides)
ΙT
    Ketones, preparation
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (halomethyl, peptidyl, prepn. of, as picornavirucides)
TΤ
    Virus, animal
        (picorna-, infection with, peptide halomethyl ketones for treatment of)
ΙT
     Virus, animal
        (polio-, infection with, peptide halomethyl ketones for treatment of)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (rhino-, infection with, peptide halomethyl ketones for treatment of)
IT
     103542-66-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (deblocking of)
IT
     3978-80-1
                13734-41-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (diazomethylation of)
IT
     9001-92-7, Proteinase
```

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RL: PROC (Process)
        (of picornarvirus, halomethyl ketones inhibition of)
     869-19-2
IT
                1161-13-3 2491-20-5
                                       3392-07-2
                                                    3397-32-8
                  23680-31-1 29738-89-4
                                            54518-91-1
     13734-34-4
     65356-63-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (peptide coupling reaction of)
     103542-63-8P
                    103542-67-2P
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and carbobenzoxylation of)
IT
     53559-08-3P
                   95083-49-1P
                                 103542-45-6P
                                                 103542-47-8P
                                                                103574-37-4P
     107831-82-3P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and deblocking of)
     42291-52-1P
                   53559-10-7P
                                 59095-76-0P
                                                97532-13-3P
ΙT
                                                              103542-61-6P
     103542-62-7P
                    103542-64-9P
                                   107831-79-8P
                                                  107831-80-1P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and peptide coupling reaction of)
IT
     19459-22-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and reaction of, with Me N-hydroxysuccinimidyl succinate)
IT
     67865-71-8P
                   103602-26-2P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and reaction with hydrochloric acid)
IT
     107831-81-2P
                    107831-85-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and sapon. of)
ΙT
     107831-84-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and succinylation of)
IT
     55048-52-7P
                   103542-48-9P
                                  103542-49-0P
                                                  103542-50-3P
                                                                 103542-51-4P
     103542-54-7P
                    103542-56-9P
                                   103542-58-1P
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     107831-69-6P
                    107831-70-9P
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                                                                  107831-73-2P
     107831-74-3P
                    107831-75-4P
                                   107831-76-5P
                                                   107831-77-6P
                                                                  107831-78-7P
     107846-32-2P
                    107854-75-1P
                                   107854-76-2P
                                                   107854-77-3P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as picornavirucide)
IT
     52787-46-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with tripeptide)
L107 ANSWER 33 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1983:447601 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     99:47601
TI
     Study of the antiviral activity of copper(II) salts of .alpha.-amino acids
ΑU
     Mitin, N. I.; Lagutkin, N. A.; Chapurina, L. F.; Zubairov, M. M.;
     Petracheva, T. K.; Arkhipova, T. N.
CS
     Inst. Khim., Kishinev, USSR
SO
     Khim.-Farm. Zh. (1983), 17(5), 565-6
     CODEN: KHFZAN; ISSN: 0023-1134
DT
     Journal
LA
     Russian
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
     The antiviral activity of a series of Cu(II) salts of amino acids was
AB
     tested against avian influenza A virus, Newcastle disease virus, and
     Ayeskii disease virus. Of 8 compds. tested, 2 displayed significant
     activity: Cu(II)-glycine [13479-54-4] and Cu(II)-DL-serine [15416-50-9].
     The possible structure-activity relation is briefly discussed.
ST
     antiviral copper amino acid complex; glycine copper complex virucide;
     serine copper complex virucide; virucide copper amino acid complex
TΤ
     Virucides and Virustats
        (copper-amino acid complexes)
TT
     Molecular structure-biological activity relationship
        (virucidal, of copper-amino acid complexes)
IT
     Amino acids, compounds
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL
```

```
(Biological study)
        (.alpha.-, copper complexes, antiviral activity of)
ΤТ
     7440-50-8D, .alpha.-amino acid complexes 13479-54-4
                                                              14852-35-8
                                            33849-15-9
     15416-50-9
                 16482-64-7
                               33849-10-4
                                                         51096-14-1
     53730-45-3
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antiviral activity of, structure in relation to)
L107 ANSWER 34 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
ΑN
    1982:603220 HCAPLUS
DN
     97:203220
ΤI
     Inhibition of enveloped viruses with phenyl ketones
     Baratz, Brenda S.; Phillips, Robert A.; Steward, David L.
ΙN
PΑ
     Dow Chemical Co., USA
     U.S., 7 pp. Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 643,585, abandoned.
SO
    CODEN: USXXAM
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    English
IC
    H61K027-00; A61K031-445; A61K031-135
    424267000
NCL
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
                      ____
                            -----
                            19820608
PΤ
    US 4333941
                       Α
                                           US 1977-839056
                                                            19771003 <--
PRAI US 1975-643585
                            19751222
                                      <--
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Enveloped viruses are inactivated by contacting the viruses or virus infected cells with antiviral compns. contg. the title compds. (I or II; R = H, halogen, or C1-12 alkoxy; R1 = H or halogen; R2 and R3 = alkyl or NR2R3 = heterocycle amino group or C4-6 quaternary heterocyclic ammonium group having 4-6 C atoms and 0 or 1 ring heteroatom N, O, or S in addn. to the N in the ring) and their salts. Thus, a water-dispersible ointment contained dyclonine-HCl (I, R = BuO, R1 = H, NR2R3 = piperidino; HCl) [536-43-6] 1% mixed with 60 and 10% polyethylene glycol 200 dilaurate and distearate, resp., and 30% mineral oil. The antiviral effect of a no. of I and II was demonstrated.

ST antiviral aminoalkyl phenylketone; dyclonine antiviral

IT Virucides and Virustats

(Ph ketone amines, topical compns. contg.)

IT Ketones, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(.beta.-aminophenyl, antiviral compns. contg.)

IT 536-43-6

IT

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antiviral compn. contg., for inactivation of enveloped viruses) 1026-88-6 1155-49-3 5249-85-4 5249-88-7 5289-93-0 25287-70

27922-19-6 63815-42-9 63957-29-9 74980-00-0 74980-01-1

74980-02-2 74980-03-3 74980-04-4

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)

(enveloped viruses inactivation by)

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IT
     1219-34-7
                 3670-68-6
                             27702-56-3
                                          82935-05-5
                                                        82935-06-6
                                                                     82935-07-7
     82935-08-8
                 82935-09-9
                               82935-10-2
                                            82935-11-3
                                                         82935-12-4
     82935-13-5
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (for enveloped viruses inactivation)
L107 ANSWER 35 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1981:564668 HCAPLUS
AN
     95:164668
DN
     Template-binding site of AMV reverse transcriptase and inactivation of the
TΙ
     enzyme by N-ethylmaleimide
ΑU
     Parnaik, Veena K.; Das, M. R.
     Reg. Res. Lab., Cent. Cell. Mol. Biol., Hyderabad, 500009, India
CS
SO
     Biochim. Biophys. Acta (1981), 655(2), 181-8
     CODEN: BBACAQ; ISSN: 0006-3002
DT
     Journal
     English
LA
     7-5 (Enzymes)
CC
     N-Ethylmaleimide strongly inhibits avian myeloblastosis virus (AMV)
AB
     reverse transcriptase (I) by specifically interfering with the
     template-binding site of the enzyme. However, the kinetics of inhibition
     differed widely with the compn. and structure of the templates employed.
     The copying of templates with multiple 3'-hydroxyl termini appeared to be
    more susceptible to N-ethylmaleimide treatment, suggesting that the
     reagent may interfere with initiation of DNA synthesis. The ability of a
     template bound to I prior to N-ethylmaleimide treatment to protect against
     inactivation of copying of other templates also implied a common binding
     site for the different templates. Template exchange expts. demonstrated
     competition between activated calf thymus DNA and rAn.cntdot.dT12-18 for
    binding to I. Thus, templates varying widely in compn. and conformation
     appear to bind at a common site on I. The exptl. data also showed
     suggestive evidence for small but finite differences in the requirements
     for optimal binding for templates of different structures.
ST
     ethylmaleimide inhibition reverse transcriptase; avian myeloblastosis
     virus reverse transcriptase; reverse transcriptase template binding site
IT
     Kinetics, enzymic
        (of inhibition, of reverse transcriptase)
TΤ
    Michaelis constant
        (of reverse transcriptase)
IT
     Deoxyribonucleic acids
     Ribonucleic acids
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (reverse transcriptase binding site for, ethylmaleimide inactivation
        of)
TΤ
     Virus, animal
        (avian myeloblastosis, reverse transcriptase of,
        template-binding site of)
     24939-09-1
                               26966-61-0
                                            27156-07-6
                                                          35769-90-5
ΙT
                  25512-84-9
     54482-00-7
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (reverse transcriptase binding site for, ethylmaleimide inactivation
        of)
IT
     128-53-0
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (reverse transcriptase inhibition by, template-binding site in relation
        to)
IT
     9068-38-6
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (template-binding site of, of avian myeloblastosis virus,
        ethylmaleimide inactivation of)
L107 ANSWER 36 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
ΑN
     1979:588579 HCAPLUS
DN
     91:188579
ΤI
     In vitro cleavage of avian retrovirus gag proteins by viral
```

```
protease p15
ΑU
     Vogt, Volker M.; Wight, Alice; Eisenman, Robert
CS
     Sect. Biochem., Mol. Cell Biol., Cornell Univ., Ithaca, NY, 14853, USA
SO
     Virology (1979), 98(1), 154-67
     CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     7-3 (Enzymes)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 10
     Avian myeloblastosis virus contains a proteolytic activity that can cleave
AΒ
     in vitro the viral precursor polypeptide Pr76gag. This substrate was
     prepd. by radioactive labeling in vivo followed by immune pptn.,
     polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis in presence of Na dodecyl sulfate, and
     elution from the gel. The major products of this reaction include the
     mature virion proteins, p27 and p15, as well as an unstable fragment
     contg. both of these proteins. Several other fragments also are formed,
     but mature p12 and the major p19 species are not. The cleavage of
     undenatured Pr76 bound to antibodies and formalin-fixed Staphylococcus
     yields similar fragments. The viral proteolytic enzyme is
     indistinguishable from the structural protein pl5. Cleavage of Pr76 by
     p15 is optimal in the pH range 4-7 and is stimulated by salt. The
     activity of the enzyme is not inhibited by reagents specific for proteases
     with serine at their active sites, but is partially inhibited by reagents
     specific for thiols. Proteolysis is highly specific. Under the
     conditions used for Pr76 cleavage, p15 does not introduce breaks into
     mixts. of cellular proteins eluted in parallel to Pr76 from SDS-contg.
     gels. However, it does fragment proteins that contain all or parts of the
     amino acid sequence of Pr76. These proteins include the precursor
     polypeptide for viral reverse transcriptase (Pr180gag-pol), a
     virus-related protein found in uninfected gs+ chick cells (P120), and
     viral proteins from cells infected with avian erythroblastosis virus (P75)
     or with avian myelocytomatosis virus MC29 (P110).
ST
     avian retrovirus gag protein cleavage; virus protease p15 gag
     protein cleavage
ΙT
     Proteins
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (Pr76, of avian retrovirus, proteinase p15 of avian
        myeloblastosis virus cleavage of)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (avian myeloblastosis, proteinase p15 of,
        retrovirus gag protein cleavage by)
IT
     Proteins
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (p15, proteinase activity of, of avian myeloblastosis virus)
IT
    Animal cell
        (virus-infected, proteins of, proteinase p15 cleavage of)
IT
     71892-49-4
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (of avian myeloblastosis virus, retrovirus gag protein
        cleavage by)
TT
     9068-38-6
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (precursor protein for, proteinase pl5 of avian myeloblastosis virus
        cleavage of)
                138-85-2
IT
     128-53-0
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (proteinase p15 of avian myeloblastosis virus inhibition by)
L107 ANSWER 37 OF 37 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     1978:2157 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     88:2157
TΙ
     Purification and further characterization of an RNA-dependent and DNA
     polymerase from the allantoic fluid of leukosis-virus-free chicken eggs
ΑU
     Bauer, Georg; Jilek, Gabriele; Hofschneider, Peter Hans
CS
     Abt. Virusforsch., Max-Planck-Inst. Biochem., Martinstried, Ger.
```

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SO
     Eur. J. Biochem. (1977), 79(2), 345-54
     CODEN: EJBCAI
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
CC
     7-2 (Enzymes)
     The purifn. of an RNA-dependent DNA polymerase from the allantoic fluid of
AΒ
     uninfected, embryonated chicken eggs is described in detail. Comparison
     to the polymerase of avian myeloblastosis virus shows that the 2 enzymes
     are different with respect to ion concns. for optimal reaction, response
     to increasing concns. of substrate, thermal stability, and protection from
     thermal inactivation by viral RNA. These enzymes are different proteins,
     which must have been coded by different genes. The RNA-dependent DNA
     polymerase in the allantoic fluid, therefore, does not derive from the
     partial or complete expression of the endogenous virus genome of the
     normal chicken cell or from infection by exogenous viruses.
ST
     reverse transcriptase allantoic fluid; avian myeloblastosis virus reverse
     transcriptase
ΙT
     Egg, poultry
        (RNA-dependent DNA polymerase of allantoic fluid of)
IT
     Allantoic fluid
        (RNA-dependent DNA polymerase of, of chicken egg)
IT
     Kinetics, enzymic
     Michaelis constant
        (of reverse transcriptase)
IT
     Virus, animal
        (avian myeloblastosis, reverse transcriptase of,
        RNA-dependent DNA polymerase of allantoic fluid of chicken egg in
        relation to)
ŢΤ
     9068-38-6
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (of allantoic fluid of chicken egg)
IT
     13292-47-2
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (reverse transcriptase inhibition by)
IT
     59-85-8 128-53-0
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (reverse transcriptase of allantoic fluid inhibition by)
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:34:11 ON 16 SEP 2001)
                SET COST OFF
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:34:56 ON 16 SEP 2001
                E US6001555/PN
              1 S E3
L1
                E HENDERSON L/AU
L2
             54 S E3, E6
                E HENDERSON LOUIS/AU
            119 S E2, E3, E5, E6
L3
                E ARTHUR L/AU
            110 S E3, E6, E9-E11
L4
                E RICE W/AU
1.5
             18 S E3, E8
                E RICE WILL/AU
             56 S E5, E12, E13
1.6
                SEL RN L1
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:46:35 ON 16 SEP 2001
L7
             56 S E1-E56
             18 S 7440-50-8 OR 7439-89-6 OR 94-37-1 OR 97-77-8 OR 137-26-8 OR 5
L8
L9
             38 S L7 NOT L8
L10
             28 S L9 AND S>=2
L11
             46 S L8, L10
L12
             10 S L7 NOT L11
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L13
              1 S L12 AND NC4/ES
              2 S 30516-87-1 OR 35964-48-8
L14
L15
              1 S L14 NOT OC4/ES
L16
             47 S L11, L13, L15
                E COPPER, ION/CN
L17
              1 S E55
                E IRON, ION/CN
L18
              1 S E66
L19
                STR
L20
             50 S L19 CSS SAM
                E 16.136.10/RID
L21
              2 S L7 AND ZN/ELS
L22
             49 S L16-L18
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:19:52 ON 16 SEP 2001
L23
         629779 S L22
L24
         452920 S L23 AND (PY<=1994 OR PRY<=1994 OR AY<=1994)
                E RETROVIR/CW
L25
           3709 S E4-E7
                E RETROVIR/CT
                E E7+ALL
                E E2+ALL
L26
          45725 S E4, E3+NT
                E HIV/CT
                E E11+ALL
L27
          14428 S E2,E3
                E E2+ALL
L28
          16521 S E6
                E HIV/CT
                E E4+ALL
                E E2+ALL
           9012 S E7, E8, E6+NT
L29
           3024 S E22
L30
                E HIV/CT
                E E3+ALL
                E HIV/CT
                E E5+ALL
                E HIV/CT
                E E6+ALL
L31
            692 S E2
                E E2+ALL
           1081 S E6
L32
                E HIV/CT
                E E8+ALL
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:24:16 ON 16 SEP 2001
L33
              1 S RETROPEPSIN/CN
                E HIV PROTEINASE/CN
L34
              1 S E3
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:24:38 ON 16 SEP 2001
L35
           1888 S L33, L34
                E HIV/CT
L36
          19458 S RETROVIRAL? OR RETROVIRUS? OR RETROVIRID? OR RETROVIRUC?
                E ACQUIRED IMMUNODEFICIENCY/CT
                E E4+ALL
                E E2+ALL
L37
           4692 S E7, E8
L38
          38103 S AIDS OR ACQUIR?(L)(IMMUNODEFICIEN? OR IMMUN?(L)DEFICIEN?)(L)(
           6896 S
L39
                  HUMAN(L)(IMMUNODEFICIEN? OR IMMUN?(L)DEFICIEN?)(L)(SYNDROME
L40
          39983 S HIV
L41
           3709 S L25 AND L26-L32, L35-L40
                E ANTIVIR/CW
L42
          10137 S E4
                E ANTIVIR/CT
                E E6+ALL
```

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L43
          29046 S E10, E11, E9, E15-E18
            376 S L41 AND L42, L43
L44
               2 S L2-L6 AND L24
L45
               5 S L21 AND L44
L46
             30 S L24 AND ZINC(L) FINGER
L47
L48
              1 S L47 AND L41
L49
               2 S L47 AND L42, L43
               2 S L1, L45, L48, L49
L50
L51
               2 S L50 AND L21
L52
             97 S L21 AND L24 AND L25-L32,L35-L40,L42,L43
L53
             24 S L52 AND (1 OR 15 OR 63)/SC
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:38:48 ON 16 SEP 2001
L54
             45 S L16 NOT (CU OR FE)/ELS
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:39:07 ON 16 SEP 2001
L55
          75613 S L54
L56
          39254 S L55 AND L24
L57
             97 S L56 AND L25-L32, L35-L40, L42, L43
L58
               2 S L57 AND (ZN OR ZINC) (L) FINGER
L59
               3 S L57 AND L21
L60
              3 S L58, L59
L61
              2 S L60 NOT PESTICIDE
L62
              2 S L51, L61
L63
             41 S L57 AND (1 OR 15 OR 63)/SC
             25 S L57 AND (1 OR 15 OR 63)/SX
L64
L65
             63 S L63, L64
L66
           2887 S L22(L)THU/RL
L67
              9 S L66 AND L57
              8 S L67 NOT PESTICIDE?/CW
L68
              8 S L62,L68
L69
             54 $ L65 NOT L67-L69
L70
              3 S L70 AND SULFHYDRYL
L71
L72
             11 S L69, L71
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:54:01 ON 16 SEP 2001
L73
               1 S 9068-38-6
L74
               1 S 37205-61-1
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:54:26 ON 16 SEP 2001
          10660 S L73 OR L74
L75
L76
             12 S L75 AND L56
L77
              8 S L76 AND L57
L78
             18 S L77, L72
L79
             18 S L78 AND L1-L6, L23-L32, L35-L53, L55-L72, L75-L78
L80
            104 S L17(L)THU/RL OR L18(L)THU/RL
L81
             19 S L80 AND L24
L82
              1 S L81 AND L25-L32, L35-L40, L42, L43, L75
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:00:14 ON 16 SEP 2001
L83
               2 S.L16 AND (CU OR FE)/ELS
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:00:46 ON 16 SEP 2001
L84
            410 S L83(L) THU/RL AND L24
L85
             21 S L84 AND L25-L32, L35-L40, L42, L43, L75
L86
             15 S L85 AND (1 OR 15 OR 63)/SC
L87
               6 S L85 NOT L86
L88
               2 S L87 AND 78/SC
             30 S L79, L86
L89
                 SEL HIT RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:04:19 ON 16 SEP 2001
L90
             53 S E1-E53
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:04:42 ON 16 SEP 2001

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:05:06 ON 16 SEP 2001
L91
          10218 S DISULFIDE#/CW
L92
          40041 S KETONE#/CW
L93
          10854 S MALEIMIDE
L94
          64667 S NITRIC OXIDE
L95
            754 S L91-L94 AND L25-L32, L35-L40, L42, L43, L75
            216 S L95 AND (PY<=1994 OR PRY<=1994 OR AY<=1994)
L96
L97
             17 S L96 AND 63/SC
L98
             23 S L96 AND 1/SC
             32 S L96 AND 15/SC
L99
L100
             72 S L97-L99
             6 S L100 AND L89
L101
             30 S L89, L101
L102
L103
             66 S L100 NOT L102
L104
             13 S L103 AND (DIKETONE OR SSI OR DIONE OR MEDIATED OR DIFLUOROKET
               SEL DN 4 5 8 9 10 11 12
             7 S E54-E60
L105
L106
             37 S L102, L105
             37 S L106 AND L25-L32, L35-L40, L42, L43, L75-L82, L91-L106
L107
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